

1188 CARDERO

Rezoning Application

December 8, 2023





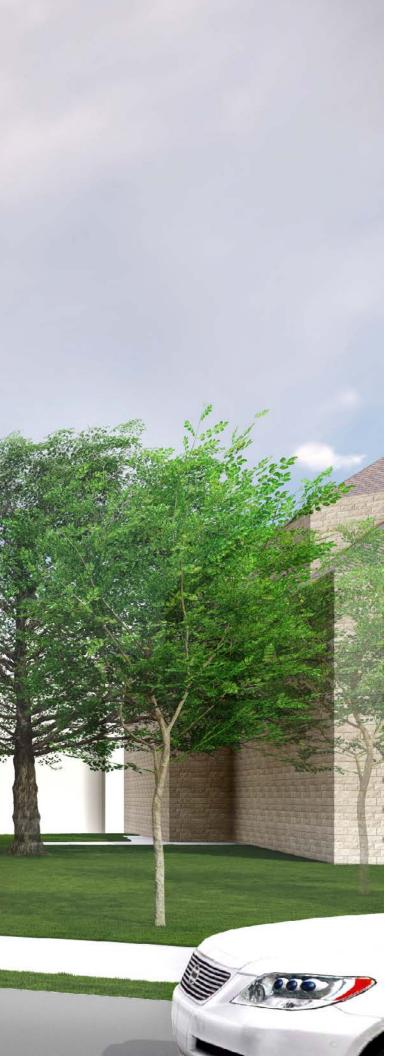




Contents

1.0	Introduction	4.0	Design Rationale		
	Project Overview6		Massing & Response to Site	3	
	Project Team7		Form of Development	3	
	Rezoning Intent8		Architectural Concept Overview	3	
	Proposal Summary9		Gateway	4	
			Modernist West End	4	
			Rogers Mansion	4	
2.0	Rezoning Rationale		Public Realm	4	
	Rezoning Rationale12				
	Project Data Summary16	ΕO	Landacana Dacign		
	Rationale Summary		Landscape Design		
			Landscape Design Rationale	5	
	Sustainability20		Landscape Plans	5	
	Setbacks + View Cones		Planting Scheme	5	
	Shadow Studies22		Tree Management Plan	5	
	Project Statistics24				
		6.0	Project Statistics + Drawings		
3.0	Site Analysis		Context Plan	5	
	Site Context30		Site Plan		
	Streetscape		Base Surface Plan		
	Streetscape		Shadow Studies		
			Floor Plans		
			Elevations		
			Sections	/	





1.0 Introduction

Project Overview

- The proposed development consists of a 22-storey residential building located at the northeast corner of Davie Street and Cardero Street in the Lower Davie area of the West End.
- Replaces a former four-storey strata apartment building.
- The proposed program is 100% rental housing, including 20% below-market rental rates.
- Includes a range of unit types including studios, 1-bedroom homes, and 2-bedroom and
 3-bedroom family suites.
- Project massing includes a tower above a small 4-storey podium element arranged around a courtyard that seeks to maintain existing trees in the southeast corner of the site.
- The entrance lobby is on the southwest corner of the site.
- Includes a range of indoor and outdoor tenant amenities on level 1 and level 22.
- All vehicle and loading functions occur on the north laneway.



View on Davie street looking west





Project Team



Townline

Town line is known for its innovative living solutions and unparalleled attention to detail. For over 40 years, every Townline project – from single-family homes and townhomes to concrete high-rise towers and mixed-use communities – has been defined by a strong focus on homeowner and tenant experience, purposeful design, and an unwavering commitment to enriching the cities and communities we build in. This is the Townline Way.



Boniface Oleksiuk Politano Architects

BOP is built on a history of great projects spanning 30 years across North America. Our team has designed and built numerous projects with a broad range of clients. From large-scale master plans to more intimate community-based projects, and from project conception to opening day, we have done it all. In all our work we are focused on creating lasting communities: places that are vibrant, sustainable and walkable. Our work is based on a belief in the connectivity of buildings to their surroundings; that structures support the life of the street, and that a vibrant public realm creates better living environments.



PFS Studio

PFS Studio is a leading planning, urban design, and landscape architecture firm based in Vancouver, BC. PFS undertakes projects both for the private and public sectors, throughout Canada, the United States, Europe, Southeast Asia and China. Over the past 30 years, the firm has received numerous awards demonstrating its ability to create memorable and engaging public spaces. These awards confirm the company's commitment to sustainability, innovation, iconic public spaces, technical advancement and cost effective design solutions.

Rezoning Intent

A previous DP application for this site was originally submitted by Townline in 2022, proposing a residential high-rise containing 96 market condominiums and 32 social housing units to a maximum tower height of 196.79 feet. The design as presented aligned with key principles in the West End Community Plan (WECP) including environmental benefits, supporting a range of affordable rental housing options and fostering resilient, sustainable, safe and healthy communities.

This new rezoning application remains committed to the principles of the West End Community Plan but looks to the modifications contained in the Nov. 5, 2020 'Interim Rezoning Policy, Criteria for 100% Secured Rental, with 20% being Below-Market Rental as an Alternative to Inclusionary Social Housing in the Burrard Corridor of the West End Community Plan' and its increased emphasis on the delivery of higher density affordable rental housing over high-end strata housing.

That report provides a policy precedent aimed at making rental housing more viable through rezonings with larger floorplate size and density in the West End, provided that 20% of the residential floor area is secured as below-market rental housing. The proposal for 1188 Cardero follows on this concept that a more viable delivery of rental housing can be achieved on this site through a larger floorplate size and density increase. The proposed variances to the current zoning involve the change of allowable housing tenure and an increase in FSR (from 7.0 to 8.01) through a 20% increase in floorplate size over the base zoning's 5500 SF limit (to 6600 SF) and an increase in building height (from 58m to 68.85m).

Converting the housing tenure of the zone from Strata + Social Housing to Market + Below-market Housing allows a more cost-effective means of delivering significantly more housing units without the inefficiencies of duplicate infrastructure within each tenure for mechanical and electrical equipment, elevators, lobbies, amenities, building management, etc. It creates a more integrated and equitable use of building features and amenities by all tenants regardless of housing tenure.

Despite the proposed increase in tower floorplate size, the proposed site coverage is less than that of the existing building and is currently under the maximum 50% coverage per the RM-5D District Schedule for a smaller floor plate. This proposal retains the openness of the SE corner, allowing for tree retention, green space at grade, and ground-oriented children's play and outdoor amenity. The tower position also maintains a 40' setback from the East property line and centre of the North Lane.

The proposed increase in height remains below View Cone #20, reaching a similar height to the recent redevelopment of the Safeway site directly across the street (C-5A zoning). The increased height allows for two additional storeys from the base zoning, which contributes to more rental housing in the West End (approximately 20 units).

An increase in height allows for a significant improvement in livability for tenants: higher ceiling heights can better accommodate mechanical cooling -a critical part of climate change adaptation for the proposed rental homes; it allows the ability to provide a rooftop common indoor amenity space and shared outdoor roof deck for all residents to enjoy, enhancing the opportunity for social connection and access to views within the building. This increased height also accommodates fully-screened and enclosed mechanical equipment for heating, cooling and domestic hot water provision that would otherwise be pushed into the below-grade levels -adding cost, concrete (and embodied carbon) and excavation to the development.

The resultant housing mix of the enlarged building form exceeds the required 25% of market housing units per the West End Community Plan. Family units are approx. 35% of both market and below-market rental units. A large portion of family units are located lower to the ground, with all BMR family units in the podium, allowing for proximity to the children's play area as recommended by the High-density Housing for Families with Children Guidelines. The strata condominium version (DP package) favoured large units higher up in the tower; in contrast, rental allows for a more equitable mix of more modest-sized units at all levels.



Proposal Summary

	CURRENT
ZONING	RM-5D
USE	Multiple Dwelling: 80% market housing (strata condominium) 20% social housing POLICY: RM-5D
HEIGHT	58.0 m If social housing is developed as min. 20% of floor area included in the calculation of FSR POLICY: RM-5D
TOWER FLOOR PLATE	5,500 sf POLICY: West End - Tower Form, Siting and Setbacks
TOWER DIMENSIONS	26 m (85 ft) depth 21.3 m - 24.4 m (70 ft - 80 ft) width 24.4 m (80 ft) setback from existing/future towers POLICY: West End Tower Form, Siting and Setbacks - Corner sites w/130+ ft. frontage
FAMILY UNITS (2 & 3-BED)	25% of market housing units 50% of social housing units POLICY: West End Community Plan - 8.2.2 & 8.2.3
FSR	7.00 if social housing is developed as min. 20% of floor area included in the calculation of FSR POLICY: RM-5D

PROPOSED REZONING	
CD-1 (REZONING)	
Multiple Dwelling: 80% market rental 20% below market rental	
68.85 m height (under 93.9 m geodetic viewcone)	
6,600 sf	
93.3 ft (28.35 m) depth 76 ft (23.16 m) width 80 ft (24.4 m) setback from existing/future towers	
35% total family units	
8.01	





Rezoning Rationale

USE

Multiple Dwelling: 80% market rental 20% below market rental

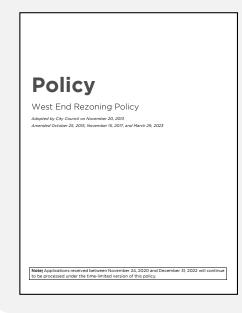
POLICY PRECEDENTS:

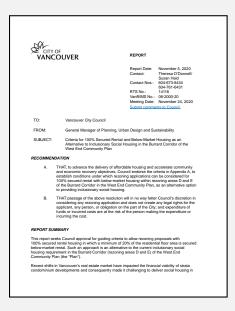
- Rezoning Policy for the West End
- COV Report: Criteria for 100% Secured Rental and Below-Market Housing(...)

RATIONALE:

The 100% Secured Rental report provides a policy precedent for increased density through rezoning in the West End that provide 20% residential floor area as secured below-market rental.

This proposal is in line with a variety of COV policies and guidelines that support the development of rental housing within the West End, and to the overall housing stock within the city.





HEIGHT

68.85 m (93.9 m geodetic elevation)

POLICY PRECEDENTS:

- View Cone #20 (Granville Street view)

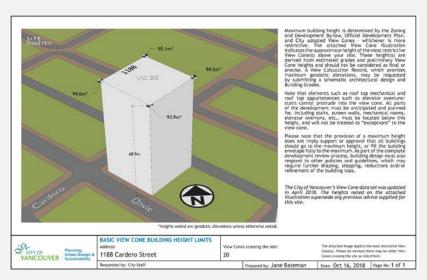
RATIONALE:

The increase in height remains below View Cone #20. The proposed building form reaches a similar height to the recent redevelopment of the Zephyr Building directly across the street (C-5A zoning).

The increase in height allows for a significant improvement of livability for the suites and tenants.

Higher ceiling heights can better accommodate mechanical cooling required within the suites. The increased height allows for two additional storeys from the base zoning, which allows more rental housing in the West End (approximately 20 units). It allows the ability to provide a common amenity space and shared roof deck for all residents, enhancing the opportunity for social connection and access to views within the building. This increased height also accommodates fully screened or enclosed mechanical equipment for heating, cooling and domestic hot water provision that would otherwise be pushed into the below-grade levels -adding cost, concrete, and excavation to the development.





TOWER FLOOR PLATE

6,600 sf

POLICY PRECEDENTS:

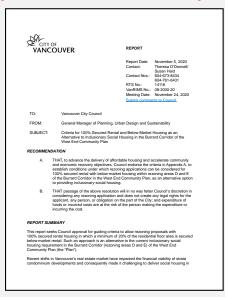
- COV Report: Criteria for 100% Secured Rental and Below-Market Housing(...)
- West End Rezoning Policy

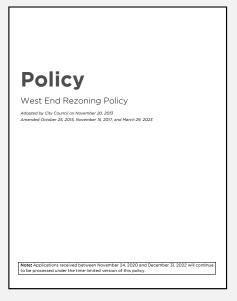
RATIONALE:

The 100% Secured Rental report also serves as a **policy precedent for the floor plate increase** when 100% rental (with 20% BMR) is provided. The proposed 6,600 sf tower floor plate is derived from the suggested 20% rental bonus applied to the 5,500 sf floor plate:

5,500 sf + 20% = 6,600 sf

The West End Rezoning Policy provides a path for increased density of market residential with 6,500 sf floor plates in Area C, demonstrating a **precedent of increased density through rezoning in the West End**.



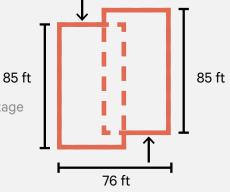


TOWER DIMENSIONS

93.3 ft (28.35 m) depth
76 ft (23.16 m) width
80 ft (24.4 m) setback from existing/future towers

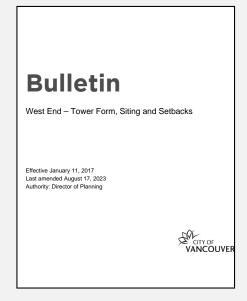
POLICY PRECEDENTS:

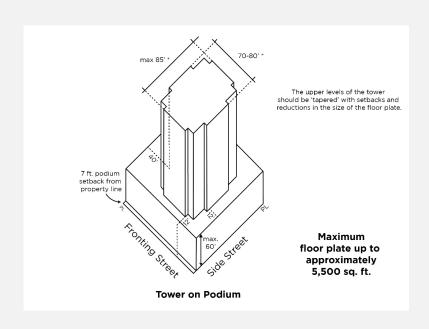
- West End Tower Form, Siting and Setbacks - Corner sites w/130+ ft. frontage



RATIONALE:

The tower form is split into two masses of 85 ft depth at an offset of approximately 9 ft (93'-4" total depth) to slim down the appearance so that the individual frontages on each side follow the intent of the guidelines. This siting strategy allows for the 6,600 sf plate while breaking down the massing visually.





Rezoning Rationale

FAMILY UNITS

35% total family units

POLICY PRECEDENTS:

- Housing Mix Policy for Rezoning Projects (2016) 3.0 Policy 2
- High-density Housing for Families with Children Guidelines
- West End Community Plan 8.2.3

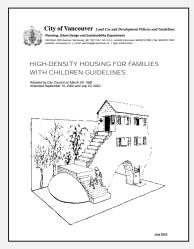
RATIONALE:

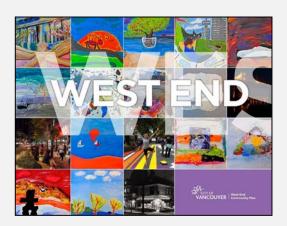
Family units **exceed the required 25**% of market housing units per the West End Community Plan. Family units **exceed the recommended 35**% of market rental units per the Housing Mix Policy for Rezoning.

A **large portion** of family units are located lower to the ground, with all BMR family units at level 5 and below, allowing for proximity to the children's play area as recommended by the High-density Housing for Families with Children Guidelines.

The strata condominium version (DP package) favoured large units higher up in the tower; in contrast, rental allows for an equitable mix of more modest-sized units at all levels.







FSR

8.01

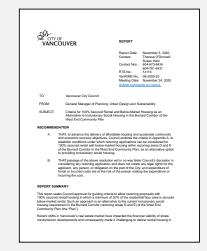
POLICY PRECEDENTS:

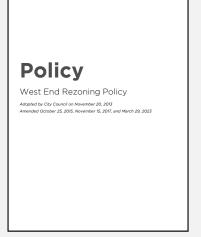
- COV Report: Criteria for 100% Secured Rental and Below-Market Housing(...)
- West End Rezoning Policy

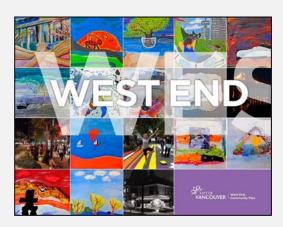
RATIONALE:

The FSR increase follows from the tower floor plate and height increases.

This project aims to provide **100% secured rental, including 20% of floor area as below market rental**, in line with the vision for the West End's growth and development as set by various policy precedents, and helps to address Vancouver's current need for housing.







SITE COVERAGE

50 % (approx.)

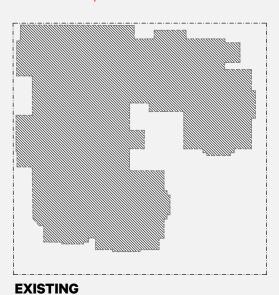
POLICY PRECEDENTS:

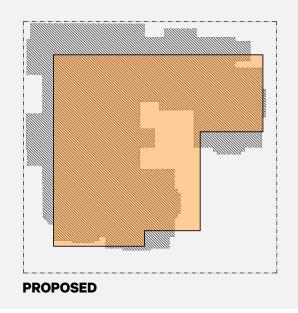
- RM-5D - 3.1.2.5 & 3.1.2.11 (50% max. site coverage; DOP/Board discretion to vary regulation)

RATIONALE:

Site area = 17,296.5 sf Existing building = 10,098 sf / 17,296.5 sf = 58 % Proposed rezoning = 8,700 sf / 17,296.5 sf = 50% (approx.)

The proposed site coverage is **less than that of the existing building**, and is currently **under the maximum** 50% coverage per the RM-5D District Schedule for a smaller floor plate. This proposal retains the openness of the SE corner, allowing for tree retention, green space at grade, and ground-oriented children's play and outdoor amenity.







THREE EXISTING •
TREES TO RETAIN

AND GREEN SPACE
ALONG DAVIE

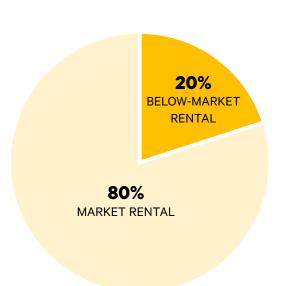


Project Data Summary

PROGRAM

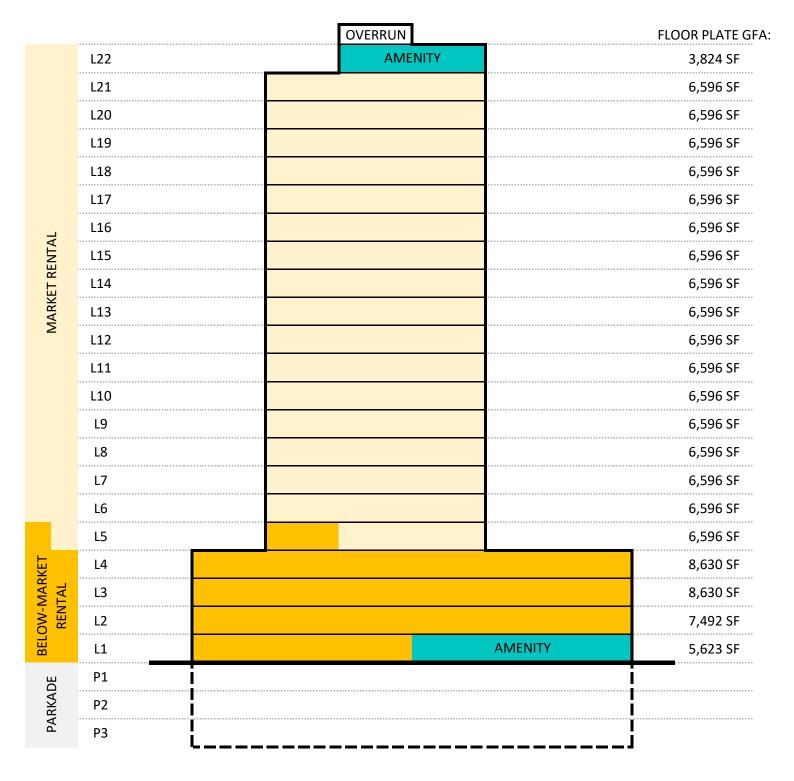
80% MARKET RENTAL 20% BELOW-MARKET RENTAL

198 TOTAL UNITS 37 OF WHICH ARE BMR **22** STOREYS



PROJECT DATA SUMMARY

	BELOW-MARKET RENTAL	MARKET RENTAL	TOTAL
PROGRAM (% of total floor area)	20%	80%	100%
TOTAL SUITE AREA (SF)	20,979	83,683	104,662
# UNITS	37	161	198
# FAMILY UNITS	16	53	69
% FAMILY UNITS	43%	33%	35%





Rationale Summary

Requirements for Proposed Rezoning

- 1 FSR 8.01
- 2 20% below-market rental 80% market rental
- 3 68.85 m height (under 93.9 m geodetic view cone)
- 4 6,600 sf tower floor plate
- 5 93'-4" tower depth (broken down into smaller faces)

Benefits of Proposed Rezoning



Affordability benefits due to increased efficiency from shared spaces/services (mechanical, elevator, lobby, amenity); reduced parking and more efficient layout; and optimized unit layout and simplified form



Environmental benefits due to no duplication of spaces/services (mechanical, elevator, lobby, amenity), and reduced embodied carbon due to two fewer levels in concrete parkade



Social benefits due to more equitable use distribution (no longer separating below-market and market) and access to shared amenity spaces for all residents



Increased rental housing supply (including below-market rental) in the city, contributing to the lively, vibrant character of the West End



Family units above the requirement, with emphasis on larger units lower down in the podium



Better livability floor to floor, with mechanical cooling for all units



Unlikely redevelopment of neighbouring heritage building (Rogers Mansion) beyond current form



Negligible shadow impact on neighbouring sites, including the school field to the north



Tree retention at SE site corner and greenspace retention of courtyard as outdoor amenity space

West End Community Plan Response

POLICY GOALS

Principle 1

Achieve a green, environmentally sustainable urban pattern.

Principle 2

Support a range of affordable housing options

PROPOSED REZONING

Provides tree retention (SE corner), open area at grade (courtyard), and rooftop greened areas. Efficiencies gained through rental scheme (e.g., more units, shared amenities, reduced parkade), lowering the environment impact per person.

to meet the diverse needs of the community.

Adds secured rental housing including below market units; provides considerably more rental housing opportunities than DP configuration.

Principle 3

Foster a robust, resilient economy.

Walkable housing for CBD supports local economy, plus construction jobs and growing work from home needs. Local businesses are supported by new patrons in the neighbourhood.

Principle 4

Enhance culture, heritage and creativity in the city.

Explore public art opportunities - discuss specific opportunities with Planning.

Principle 5

Provide and support a range of sustainable transportation options.

Will provide housing along transit route plus a range of bike storage with enhanced repair space as an amenity.

Principle 6

Protect and enhance public open spaces, parks and green linkages.

Tree retention and re-creation of the existing courtyard, laneway public improvements, and increased setbacks to add landscaped/green space around the building.

Principle 7

Foster resilient, sustainable, safe and healthy communities.

The podium contains a mix of unit types and family units overlooking children's play area. This walkable neighbourhood is well-served by transit and provides numerous recreation opportunities, including the nearby Seawall.

BUILT FORM GUIDING PRINCIPLES

Principle 1

Appropriate form and scale to reinforce the dome-shaped skyline.

Follows view cone limitations and locally established height precedents.

PROPOSED REZONING

Principle 2

Strengthen the urban frame. Reinforce the edges of the West End in contrast with the existing neighbourhoods.

Consistent with area plan that increases height and density along Davie St.

Principle 3

Adhere to prevailing view corridors. Protect view corridors and recognize spatial separation.

Proposal complies with general guidance on tower dimensions, setbacks, and separation and will continue to protect the view corridor designated by View Cone #20.

Principle 4

Recognize transitional role in form and scale. Urban design to mediate between established development and respective sites.

4-storey podium elements mediate from tower to adjacent 3-4 storey buildings; courtyard and widened setbacks improve atgrade experience.

Principle 5

Ensure public open space and village area have solar access.

Shadow impact negligible on open green space, commercial sidewalks, and corner of school yard to the north.

Principle 6

Building forms to be responsive to adjacent and nearby private views.

The tower mass is subdivided into individual elevations to give the tower a unique appearance while individual frontages respect tower form guidelines.

Principle 7

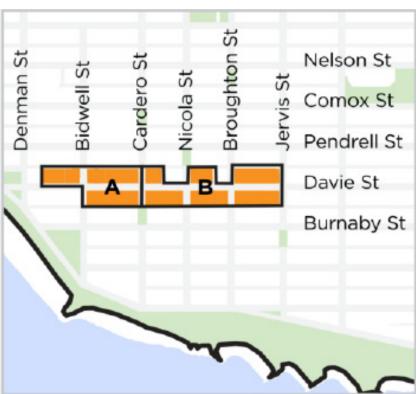
New development to contribute to groundoriented focus in uses and public realm quality.

Widened and greened building frontages, ground-oriented units at corner of lane and Cardero, residential lobby at Cardero and Davie, and indoor/outdoor amenity spaces help animate ground level.



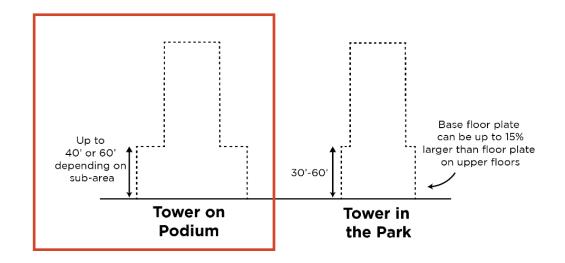






Bulletin: West End - Tower Form, Siting And Setbacks

- Minimum Distance between towers: 24.m (80') minimum proposal is compliant.
- Size and Width of frontage: Min. 39.6m (130') Site frontage is 40.2m (132').
- Tower on Podium: The tower sits on a 4-storey (approx. 40' high) podium consistent with the current 4-storey building. The footprint of the proposed podium is similar to that of the existing structure with the intent of maintaining the identified existing tree at the southeast corner of the site plus 2 additional trees within the sidewalk widening.
- Additional public realm setback of 7' along the Davie frontage is maintained.



High-Density Housing for Families with Children Guidelines

The site is located in an area well served by access to parks, recreation, beaches, schools, transit and commercial uses that are compatible with the proposed development. A large percentage of family units are proposed (approx. 35%). Program layout, unit mix and building amenities provide opportunities for private and common outdoor spaces, at-grade outdoor play space, urban agriculture and social spaces with good solar access on the south and east sides of the building footprint. Secured vehicle and bike parking are provided below grade.



HIGH-DENSITY HOUSING FOR FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN GUIDELINES

Adopted by City Council on March 24, 1992 Amended on September 15, 2020



Sustainability

Sustainability

On building form:

The building is designed with efficient thermal massing to minimize heat loss surfaces as well as linear interfaces. Additionally, the flat facades and squared floor plate makes more efficient use of structural and envelope materials, thus lowering embodied emissions.

Transparent openings size and placement are carefully selected to maintain views and daylighting while keeping heat loss to an acceptable level. The approximate glazed area is 45% of the vertical envelope area.

On building systems:

The project intends to utilize a high efficiency heat pump system for space heating and cooling. The system is able to recycle excess heat from a zoning in cooling to heat a nearby space. The system is able to benefit from the suites facing different orientations and having diversity in cooling/heating load demand in Vancouver's climate zone.

Additionally, the suite ventilation air is tempered via exhaust air energy recovery. This greatly reduces the ventilation heating energy consumption.

On parkade:

By converting the building to a 100% purpose-built rental building, we are also able to reduce the amount of parking provided in this highly walkable neighbourhood, as our internal data shows that our tenants use transit, walk, or cycle as a means of transportation and have a lower reliance on cars. As we are reducing our parking by 2 full levels from the original application, and do not have to build two elevator shafts and cores, we will be using significantly less concrete in this proposal and thus reduce our embodied emissions to the same degree.

On landscape:

The tower design prioritizes significant tree retention at the southeast corner of the site, along with a green roof at the L5 podium, and a rooftop community garden for residents' use. Achieving meaningful green areas in the project design is a Townline standard.

The three-dimensional building geometry from the IES-VE simulation is shown in Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2.

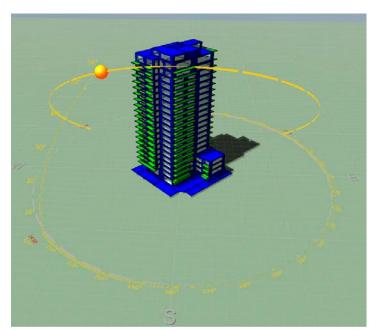


Figure 1.1 IES-VE Building Simulation Geometry - South View

Figure 1.2 IES-VE Building Simulation Geometry – N View

Table 2.1 Simulation Results Summary

1 3333 === 2333333333 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 110							
Performance Metric	VBBL Part 10 Requirement	Energy Simulation Output	Credit for Corridor Pressurization	Proposed Building Simulation Results			
TEUI (kWh/m²-Year)	120	105.7	-5.26	100.4			
TEDI (kWh/m²-Year)	30	33.3	-5.26	28.1			
GHGI (kg CO ₂ / m ² -Year)	6	2.62	-0.97	1.65			

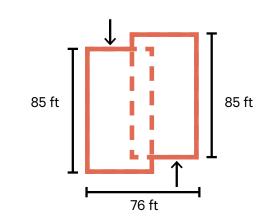




Setbacks + View Cones

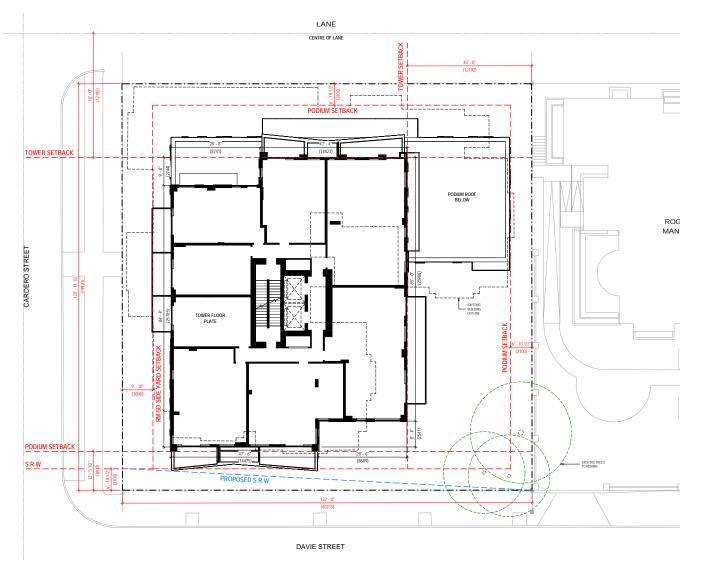
Setbacks and Envelope

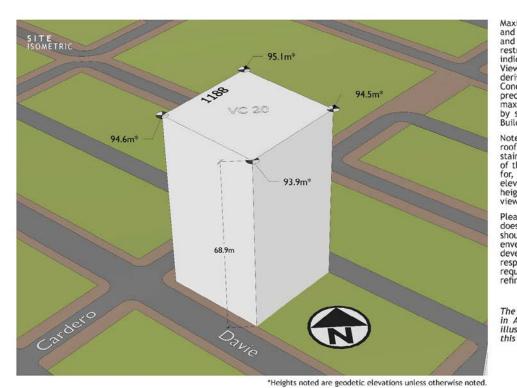
- Front Yard: 7' (2.1m) on Davie (WETFG)
- **Rear Yard:** 2.1m (RM-5D)
- West Side Yard: not less than 3m (not more than 6m) (RM-5D)
- East Side Yard: 2.1m (RM-5D)
- **Height:** 68.85 m height (under 93.9 m geodetic view cone)
- Max. tower dimensions: 93'-4" x 76'



View Cones

View Cone 2.0 passes well above the allowable 190' height limit. Elevator overrun, mechanical units and screening do not exceed the view cone.





Maximum building height is determined by the Zoning and Development By-law, Official Development Plan, and City adopted View Cones - whichever is more restrictive. The attached View Cone Illustration indicates the approximate height of the most restrictive View Cone(s) above your site. These height(s) are derived from estimated grades and preliminary View Cone heights and should not be considered as final or precise. A View Calculation Record, which provides maximum geodetic elevations, may be requested by submitting a schematic architectural design and Building Grades.

Note that elements such as roof top mechanical and roof top appurtenances such as elevator overruns/ stairs cannot protrude into the view cone. All parts of the development must be anticipated and planned for, including stairs, screen walls, mechanical rooms, elevator overruns, etc., must be located below this height, and will not be treated as "exceptions" to the

Please note that the provision of a maximum height does not imply support or approval that all buildings should go to the maximum height, or fill the building envelope fully to the maximum. As part of the complete development review process, building design must also respond to other policies and guidelines, which may require further shaping, stepping, reductions and/or refinement of the building tops.

The City of Vancouver's View Cone data set was updated in April 2018. The heights noted on the attached illustration supersede any previous advice supplied for this site.

CITY OF VANCOUVER Planning, Urban Design & Sustainability

BASIC VIEW CONE BUILDING HEIGHT LIMITS
Address:
1188 Cardero Street

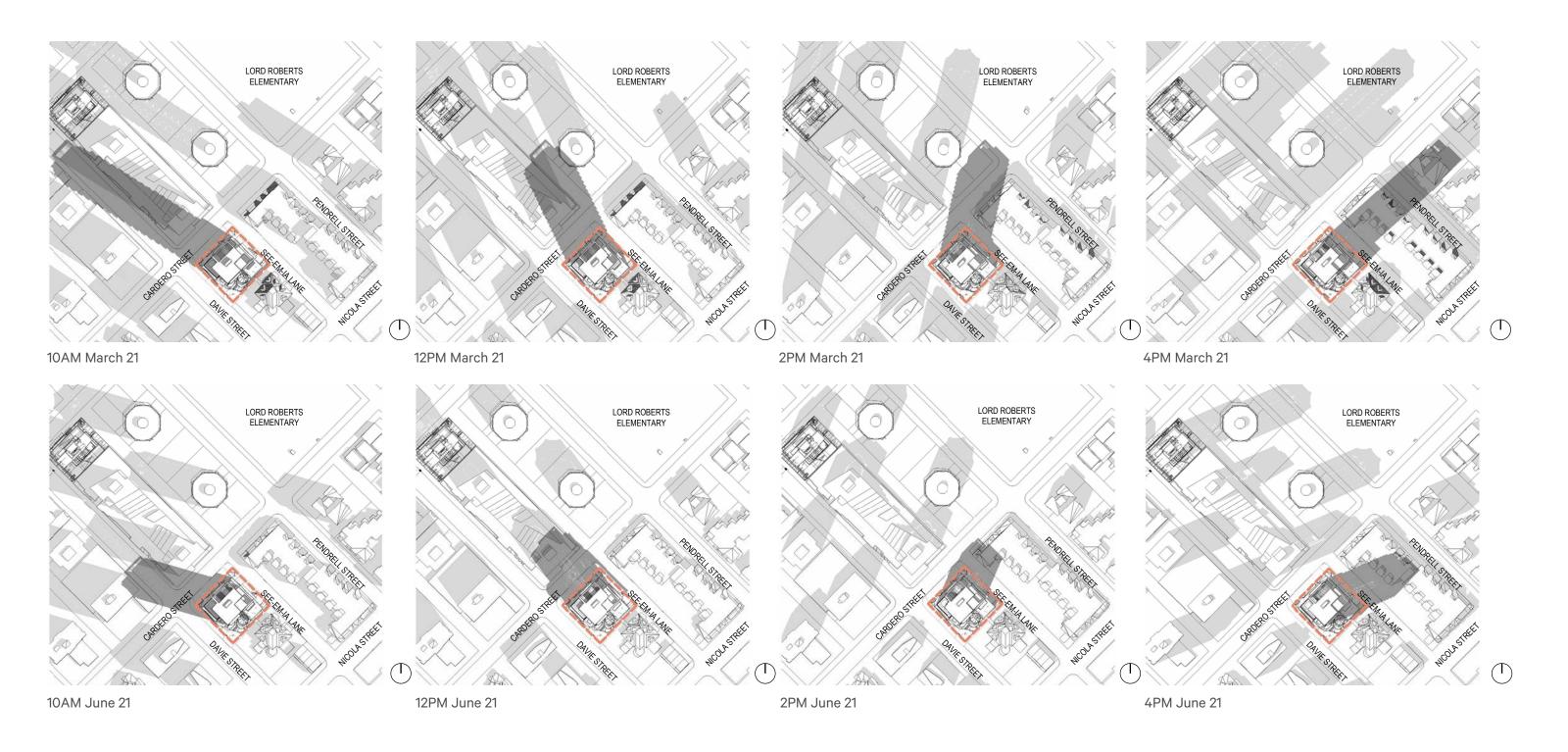
Requested by: City Staff

View Cones crossing the site: 20

The attached image depicts the most restrictive View Cone(s). Please be advised there may be other View Cones crossing the site as listed here.

Prepared by: Jane Bateman Date: Oct 16, 2018 Page No: 1 of 1

Shadow Studies







Project Statistics

PROJECT SUMMARY

PROPOSED ZONING CD-1 (EXISTING RM-5D)

 SITE AREA
 1606.9 m²
 17,296.5 SF

 PROPOSED FSR
 8.01

 FLOOR AREA PERMITTED
 12,871.3 m²
 138,545 SF

PROPOSED UNIT COUNT TOTAL 198
BELOW MARKET UNITS (RES-BMR) 37
MARKET RENTAL UNITS (RES-MR) 161

NUMBER OF STOREYS 2

ROOF T.O.P. ELEVATION 91.44 m LOWEST BASE SURFACE ELEVATION 23.59 m BUILDING HEIGHT 68.85 m

AREA SUMMARY

 AREAS - TOTAL

 GROSS (GFA)

 Total Area (m2)
 Total Area (sf)

 13595.2 m²
 146337 SF

AREAS - TOTAL NET (FSR)							
Total Area (m2) Total Area (sf) FS							
12871.0 m ²	138543 SF	8.01					

UNIT BREAKDOWN

UNIT AVERAGES EXCL. STORAGE							
Name	Unit Count	%	Avg Area excl. Storage	Max. Avg Unit Size (DCL Waiver)			
	1			450.05			
0BD	61	31%	385 SF	450 SF			
1BD 68 34% 468 SF 600 SF			600 SF				
2BD	58	29%	679 SF	830 SF			
3BD 11 6% 907 SF 1044 SF							

NOTE:
- SUITE AREA MEASURED TO INSIDE FACE OF FINISHED WALL
- AVERAGE SUITE SIZE EXCLUDES STORAGE FOR DCL CALCULATION

TOTAL FAMILY UNIT %							
Name	Count	%					
0BD	61	31%					
1BD	68	34%					
	129	65%					
2BD	58	29%					
3BD	11	6%					
	69	35%					
TOTAL	198	100%					

BELOW MARKET FAMILY UNIT %						
Name	Count	%				
0BD	14	38%				
1BD	7	19%				
	21	57%				
2BD	10	27%				
3BD	6	16%				
	16	43%				
TOTAL	37	100%				

MARKET FAMILY UNIT %							
Name	Count	%					
0BD	47	29%					
1BD	61	38%					
	108	67%					
2BD	48	30%					
3BD	5	3%					
	53	33%					
TOTAL	161	100%					



Level Group	# Levels	Area Use	Name	Area by Level	Total Area (sf)	Total Area (m2)
LEVEL 1	1	RES-MR	CIRC/SERVICE	2734 SF	2734 SF	254.0 m²
LEVEL 1	1	RES-MR	X-AMENITY	2888 SF	2888 SF	268.3 m ²
LEVEL I	I	RES-IVIR	A-AIVIEINI I	5623 SF	5623 SF	522.4 m ²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	0BD	1111 SF	1111 SF	103.2 m²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	1BD	526 SF	526 SF	48.8 m²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	2BD	2109 SF	2109 SF	195.9 m²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	3BD	1812 SF	1812 SF	168.4 m²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	CIRC/SERVICE	1711 SF	1711 SF	158.9 m²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	X-STOR	222 SF	222 SF	20.7 m ²
				7492 SF	7492 SF	696.0 m ²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	0BD	1903 SF	3805 SF	353.5 m²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	1BD	987 SF	1973 SF	183.3 m²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	2BD	2010 SF	4020 SF	373.5 m²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	3BD	1812 SF	3625 SF	336.7 m²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	CIRC/SERVICE	1710 SF	3421 SF	317.8 m ²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	X-STOR	208 SF	416 SF	38.7 m ²
	l		•	8630 SF	17260 SF	1603.5 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-BMR	0BD	397 SF	397 SF	36.9 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-MR	0BD	397 SF	397 SF	36.9 m ²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-BMR	1BD	920 SF	920 SF	85.5 m ²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-MR	1BD	479 SF	479 SF	44.5 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-BMR	2BD	680 SF	680 SF	63.2 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-MR	2BD	1337 SF	1337 SF	124.2 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-MR	3BD	815 SF	815 SF	75.7 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-BMR	CIRC/SERVICE	1442 SF	1442 SF	133.9 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-BMR	X-STOR	25 SF	25 SF	2.3 m ²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-MR	X-STOR	104 SF	104 SF	9.7 m ²
				6596 SF	6596 SF	612.8 m²
LEVEL 6-19	14	RES-MR	0BD	1156 SF	16182 SF	1503.4 m²
LEVEL 6-19	14	RES-MR	1BD	1856 SF	25989 SF	2414.4 m²
LEVEL 6-19	14	RES-MR	2BD	2035 SF	28484 SF	2646.2 m²
LEVEL 6-19	14	RES-MR	CIRC/SERVICE	1460 SF	20435 SF	1898.5 m²
LEVEL 6-19	14	RES-MR	X-STOR	90 SF	1259 SF	117.0 m ²
		TALO IIII C	XOTOR	6596 SF	92349 SF	8579.5 m ²
LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	0BD	795 SF	1589 SF	147.6 m²
LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	1BD	974 SF	1948 SF	181.0 m ²
LEVEL 20-21 LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	2BD	1369 SF	2738 SF	254.4 m ²
LEVEL 20-21 LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	3BD	1862 SF	3725 SF	346.0 m ²
LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	CIRC/SERVICE	1415 SF	2831 SF	263.0 m ²
LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	X-STOR	181 SF	362 SF	33.6 m ²
LL V LL ∠V"∠ I		I VEO-IVII	AOTOR	6596 SF	13193 SF	1225.6 m ²
1 E) /E1 00	1	RES-MR	CIBC/CEDVICE	1206 SE	1206 CE	121 4 m²
		I LEO-IVIK	CIRC/SERVICE	1306 SF	1306 SF	121.4 m ²
LEVEL 22			V AMENITY	2510 CE	2510 CE	222 0 m²
LEVEL 22 LEVEL 22	1	RES-MR	X-AMENITY	2518 SF 3824 SF	2518 SF 3824 SF	233.9 m ² 355.3 m ²

Level Group	# Levels	Area Use	Name	Area by Level	Total Area (sf)	Total Area (m2)
 	1	DEC MD	CIRC/SERVICE	2724 05	2724 05	254.0 m²
LEVEL 1	1	RES-MR	CIRC/SERVICE	2734 SF	2734 SF	254.0 m ²
				2734 SF	2734 SF	254.0 m ²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	0BD	1111 SF	1111 SF	103.2 m²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	1BD	526 SF	526 SF	48.8 m²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	2BD	2109 SF	2109 SF	195.9 m ²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	3BD	1812 SF	1812 SF	168.4 m²
LEVEL 2	1	RES-BMR	CIRC/SERVICE	1711 SF	1711 SF	158.9 m²
		•		7269 SF	7269 SF	675.3 m²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	0BD	1903 SF	3805 SF	353.5 m²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	1BD	987 SF	1973 SF	183.3 m²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	2BD	2010 SF	4020 SF	373.5 m²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	3BD	1812 SF	3625 SF	336.7 m²
LEVEL 3-4	2	RES-BMR	CIRC/SERVICE	1710 SF	3421 SF	317.8 m²
		1	1	8422 SF	16844 SF	1564.8 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-BMR	0BD	397 SF	397 SF	36.9 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-MR	0BD	397 SF	397 SF	36.9 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-BMR	1BD	920 SF	920 SF	85.5 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-MR	1BD	479 SF	479 SF	44.5 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-BMR	2BD	680 SF	680 SF	63.2 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-MR	2BD	1337 SF	1337 SF	124.2 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-MR	3BD	815 SF	815 SF	75.7 m²
LEVEL 5	1	RES-BMR	CIRC/SERVICE	1442 SF	1442 SF	133.9 m²
				6467 SF	6467 SF	600.8 m²
LEVEL 6-19	14	RES-MR	0BD	1156 SF	16182 SF	1503.4 m²
LEVEL 6-19	14	RES-MR	1BD	1856 SF	25989 SF	2414.4 m²
LEVEL 6-19	14	RES-MR	2BD	2035 SF	28484 SF	2646.2 m²
LEVEL 6-19	14	RES-MR	CIRC/SERVICE	1460 SF	20435 SF	1898.5 m²
			'	6506 SF	91090 SF	8462.6 m²
LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	0BD	795 SF	1589 SF	147.6 m²
LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	1BD	974 SF	1948 SF	181.0 m²
LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	2BD	1369 SF	2738 SF	254.4 m²
LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	3BD	1862 SF	3725 SF	346.0 m ²
LEVEL 20-21	2	RES-MR	CIRC/SERVICE	1415 SF	2831 SF	263.0 m ²
	1	1	1	6416 SF	12831 SF	1192.0 m²
LEVEL 22	1	RES-MR	CIRC/SERVICE	1306 SF	1306 SF	121.4 m²
				1306 SF	1306 SF	121.4 m²
				39121 SF	138543 SF	12871.0 m ²

BALCONIES

BALCONIES - BY LEVEL							
Level	Count per Level	Level Multiplier	Area per Level	Total Area (m2)	Total Area (sf)		
LEVEL 2	9	1	816 SF	75.8 m ²	816 SF		
LEVEL 3-4	12	2	1020 SF	189.5 m²	2040 SF		
LEVEL 5	7	1	649 SF	60.3 m ²	649 SF		
LEVEL 6-19	9	14	835 SF	1086.1 m²	11690 SF		
LEVEL 20-21	8	2	835 SF	155.2 m²	1670 SF		
TOTAL			4155 SF	1566.8 m²	16865 SF		

TOTAL BALCONY PERCENTAGE = 12%

BALCONY MAXIMUM (RM-5D) = 12% OF GFA

BULK STORAGE

BULK STORAGE REQUIRED				
BULK STORAGE & IN-SUITE STORAGE - MULTIPLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS BULLETIN	UNITS	SPACES REQUIRED		
1 SPACE (MIN. 5.7 m ³) / UNIT	198	198		

STORAGE PROVIDED - BELOW GRADE				
Level Count				
LEVEL P1	6			
LEVEL P3	32			
LEVEL P5	81			
TOTAL	119			

STORAGE PROVIDED ABOVE GRADE			
Level	Count		
LEVEL 2	7		
LEVEL 3-4	14		
LEVEL 5	4		
LEVEL 6-19	42		
LEVEL 20-21	12		
TOTAL	79		

TOTAL STORAGE PROVIDED (BELOW + ABOVE GRADE) = 198

BICYCLE PARKING

BICYCLE STALLS REQUIRED (CLASS A)				
BYLAW 6.2.1.2 (RESIDENTIAL)	UNITS	STALLS REQUIRED		
< 65 m ² = 1.5 STALLS / UNIT	186	279		
65 - 105 m ² = 2.5 STALLS / UNIT	12	30		
> 105 m ² = 3.0 STALLS / UNIT	0	0		
TOTAL CLASS A STALLS REQUIRED		309		

BICYCLE STALLS PROVIDED (CLASS A)					
Description	Tag	Count	Quantity	%	
HORIZONTAL LOCKER	L	39	39	13%	MIN. 10% LOCKERS
HORIZONTAL STACKED	ST	54	108	35%	MAX. 60% VERTICAL + STACE
HORIZONTAL STANDARD	Н	102	102	33%	
OVERSIZED	OV	16	16	5%	MIN. 5% OVERSIZED
VERTICAL	V	44	44	14%	MAX. 30% VERTICAL
TOTAL PROVIDED		•	309		

BICYCLE STALLS REQUIRED (CLASS B)				
BYLAW 6.2.1.2 (RESIDENTIAL)	UNITS	STALLS REQUIRED		
2 SPACES FOR FIRST 20 UNITS + 1 ADDITIONAL SPACE / ADDITIONAL 20 UNITS	198	11		
TOTAL CLASS B STALLS REQUIRED		11		

BICYCLE STALLS PROVIDED (CLASS B						
Description	Tag	Quantity				
HORIZONTAL STANDARD	В	11				
TOTAL PROVIDED		11				





OFF-STREET VEHICLE PARKING

OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIRED					
BYLAW 4.3.3 (RESIDENTIAL) UNITS AR		AREA (m²)	STALLS REQUIRED		
WEST END & ROBSON NORTH PERMIT AREA					
LESSER OF 1 STALL FOR EACH 140 m2 GFA AND 1 STALL PER UNIT	198	12871.0 m²	92		

ACCESSIBLE PARKING REQUIRED			
BYLAW 4.8.4 (MULTIPLE DWELLING)	UNITS	STALLS REQUIRED	
1 PER FIRST 7 UNITS + 0.034 PER ADDITIONAL UNIT	198	7	

THE FIRST AND EVERY 10TH ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE PROVIDED MUST BE A VAN ACCESSIBLE SPACE.

VISITOR PARKING REQUIRED			
BYLAW 4.3.4 (RESIDENTIAL - DOWNTOWN)	UNITS	STALLS REQUIRED	
LESSER OF 5% OF THE TOTAL PARKING SPACES AND 0.05 SPACES PER UNIT	198	6	

REFER TO BUNT REPORT FOR FURTHER DETAIL.

VEHICLE STALLS PROVIDED					
Parking Stall Type	Tag	Count	Quantity (ACC x2)	%	
RES	SM	12	12	17%	SMALL CAF
RES	SM WIDE	1	1	1%	MAX. 25%
RES	STANDARD	41	41	57%	
RES	WIDE	1	1	1%	
		55	55		
RES ACCESSIBLE	ACC	6	12	17%	-
RES ACCESSIBLE	ACC VAN	1	2	3%	
		7	14		
VISITOR	SM	3	3	4%	
		3	3		
TOTAL PROVIDED		65	72		

NOTE: PROVIDED PARKING HAS BEEN REDUCED DUE TO THE NEW COV POLICY ELIMINATING PARKING MINIMUMS FROM THE WEST END.

PLEASE REFER TO BUNT REPORT FOR FURTHER DETAIL.

LOADING

OFF-STREET LOADING STALLS REQUIRED					
	BYLAW 5.2.1 (DWELLING USE)	UNITS	STALLS REQUIRED		
CLASS A	NO REQUIREMENT	-	0		
CLASS B	<100 UNITS = 0 STALLS; 100-299 UNITS = 1 STALL	198	1		
CLASS C	NO REQUIREMENT	-	0		

PASSENGER SPACE STALLS REQUIRED				
	BYLAW 7.2.1 (DWELLING USE)	UNITS	STALLS REQUIRED	
CLASS A	50-125 UNITS = 1 STALL, + 1 FOR EVERY ADD. 150 UNITS	198	1	
CLASS B	NO REQUIREMENT	-	0	
CLASS C	NO REQUIREMENT	-	0	

LOADING STALLS PROVIDED					
Description	Tag	Count			
CLASS B LOADING STALL	LOADING (B)	1			
PASSENGER LOADING	PASSENGER (A)	1			
	·	2			





3.0 Site Analysis

Site Context

Site Context:

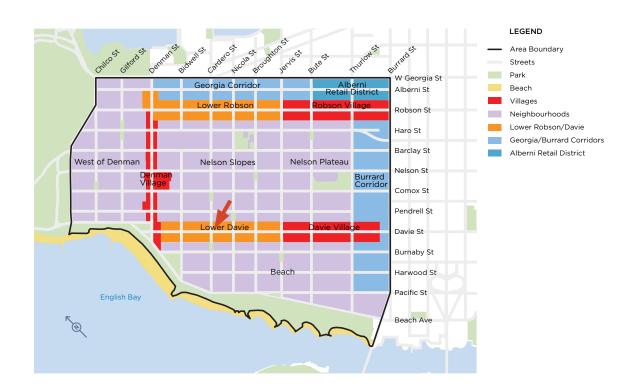
The site is located at the corner of Davie and Cardero Streets in the Lower Davie sub-area of the West End Community Plan.

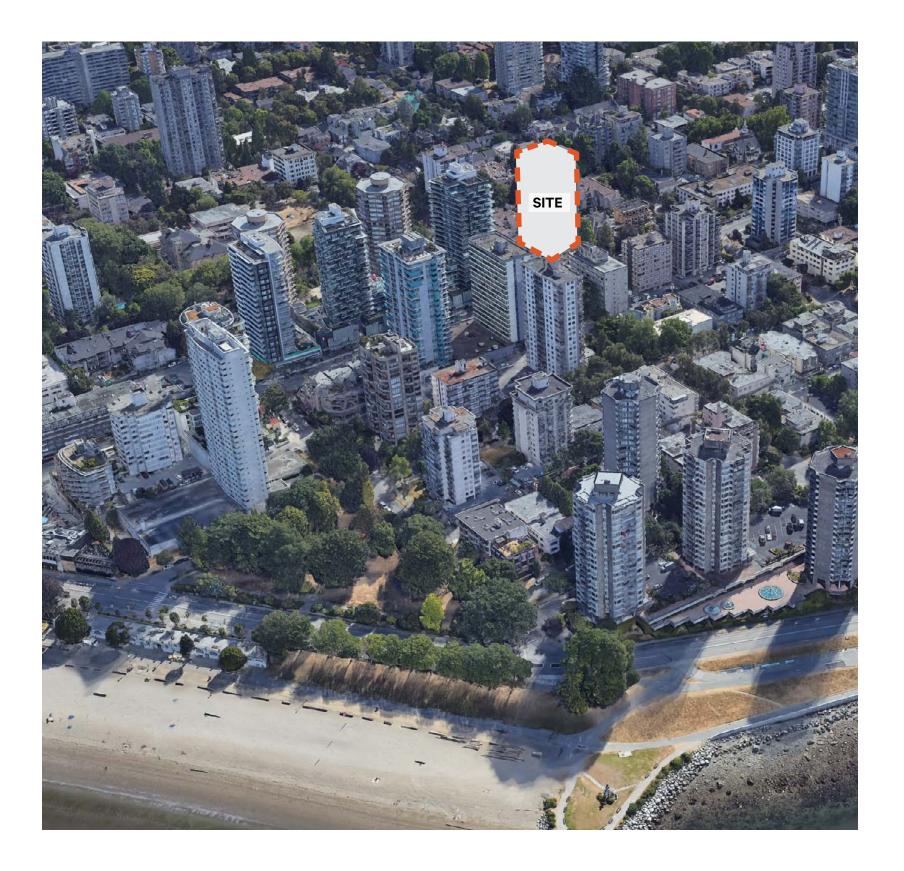
The proposal joins a series of recent redevelopments of sites along Davie between Denman and Jervis Street. The scale and expression of the project are in keeping with the established forms of development of the neighbourhood both old and new.

Current Use on Site and Adjacent Sites:

1188 Cardero is currently a four-storey wood-framed market strata building with 33 residential units, built in 1989. Floor plates are approximately 8500 SF.

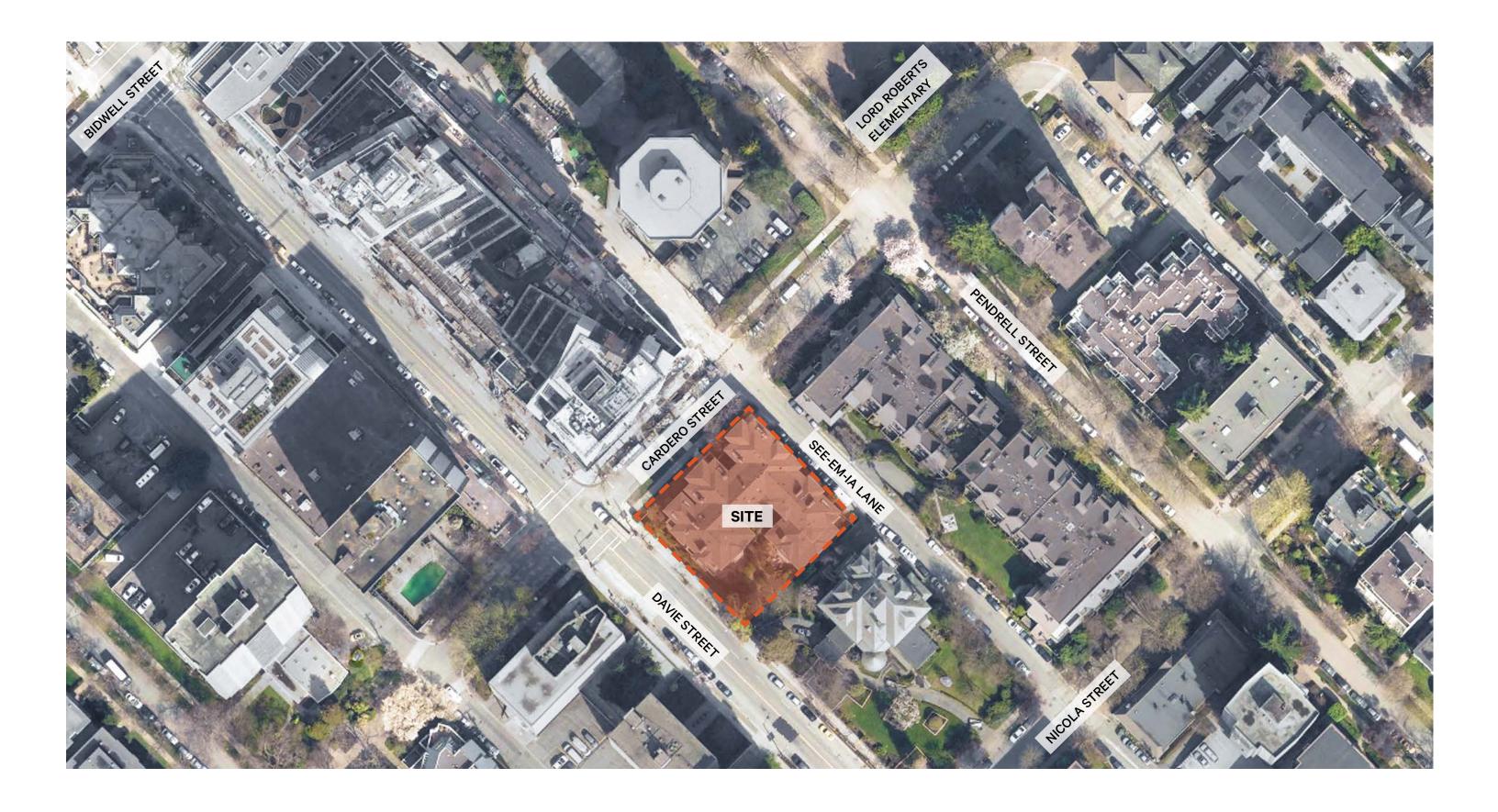
The property shares the block with the historic Rogers Mansion (recently renovated and redeveloped to add townhomes) and is across from the large recent redevelopments on Davie between Bidwell and Cardero.





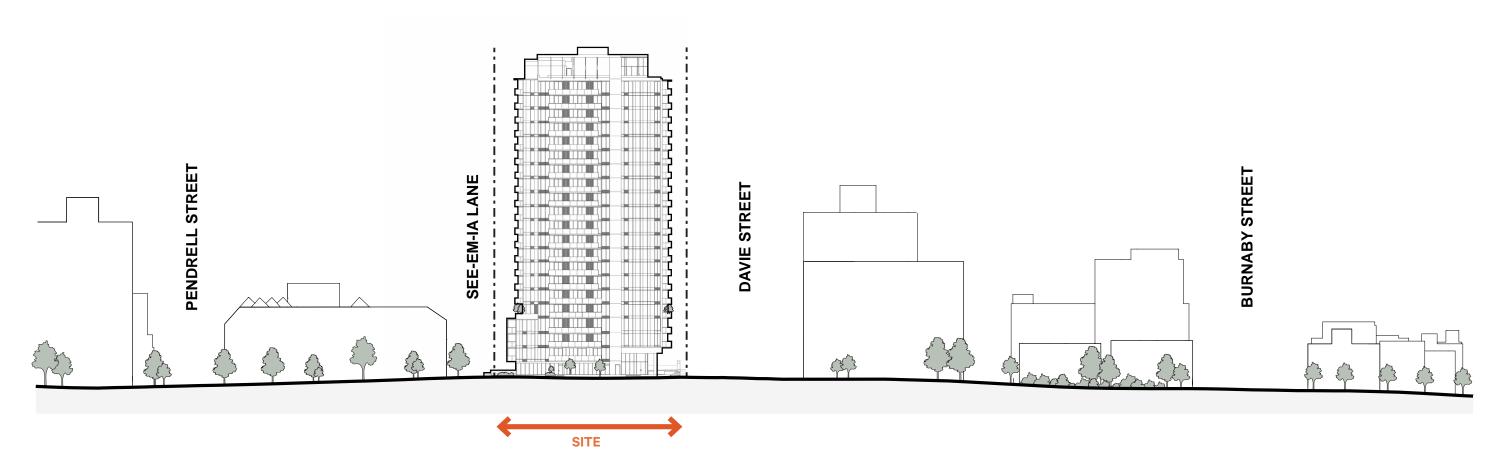


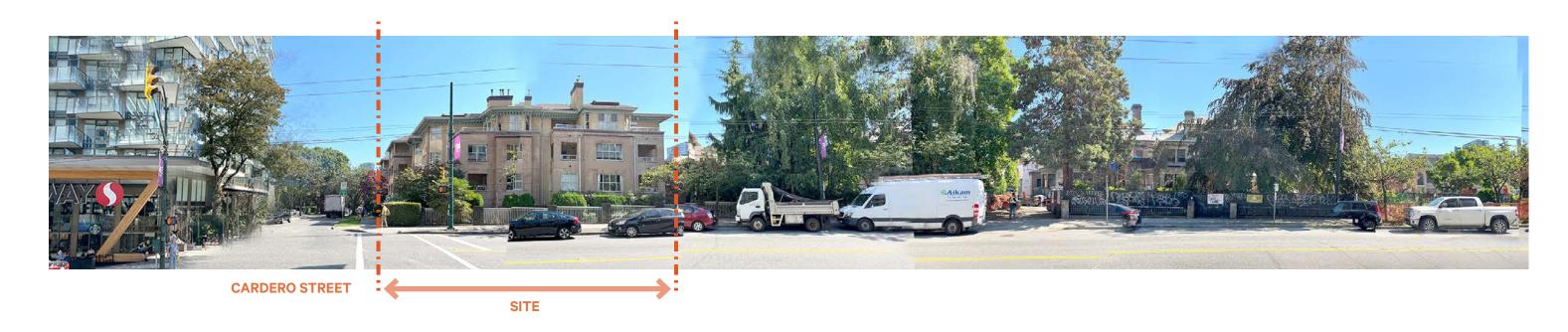


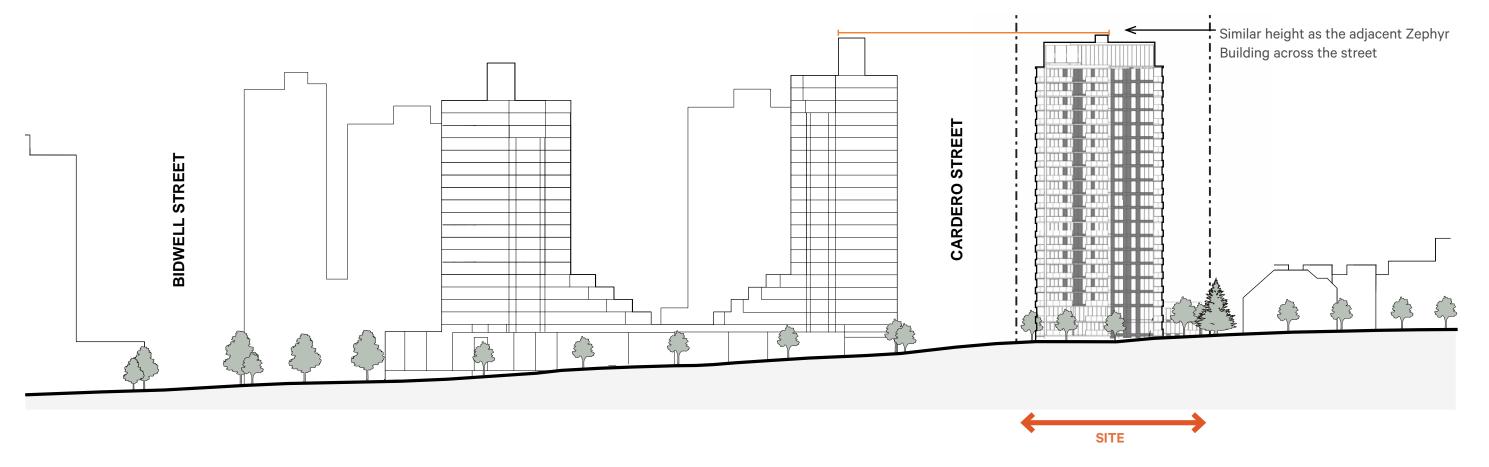


Streetscape







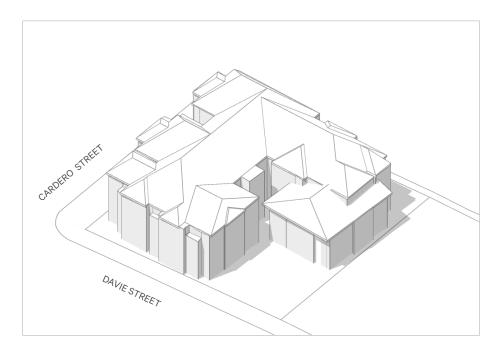




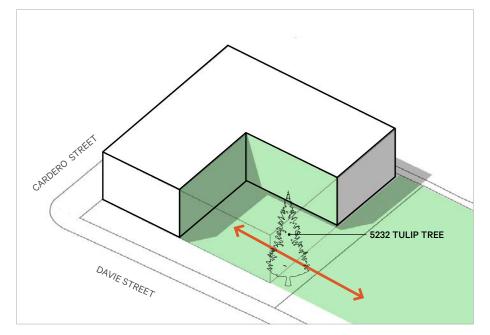


4.0 Design Rationale

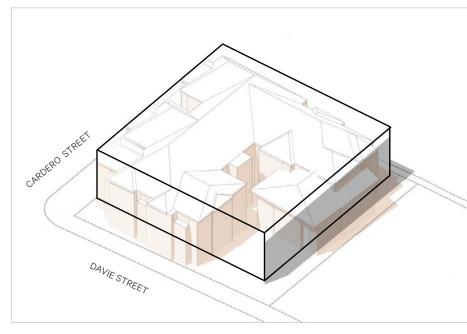
Massing & Response to Site



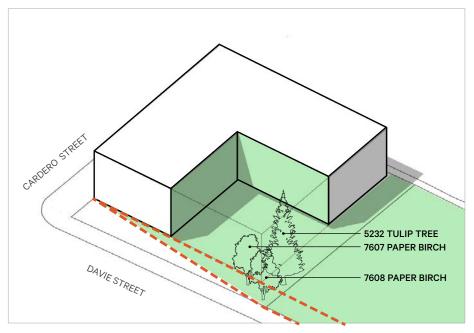
Existing Building (4 Storeys)



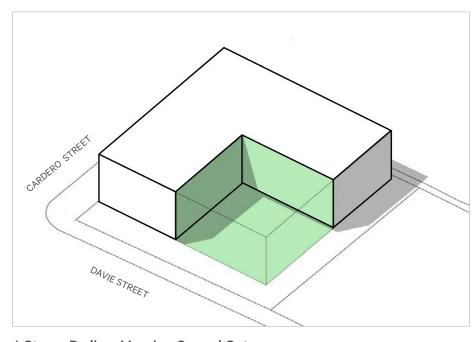
Greenery Connection to Adjacent Site (Rogers Mansion)



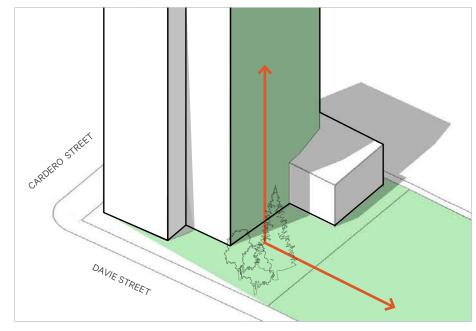
Existing Building (4 Storeys) Overlay



Smooth Transition of Landscape and Additional Tree Retention through SRW Addition



4 Storey Podium Massing Carved Out

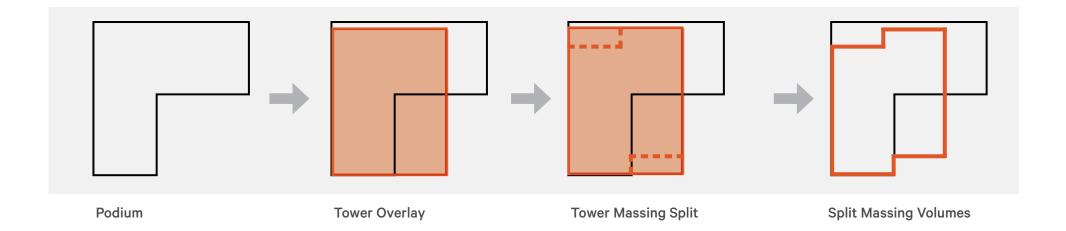


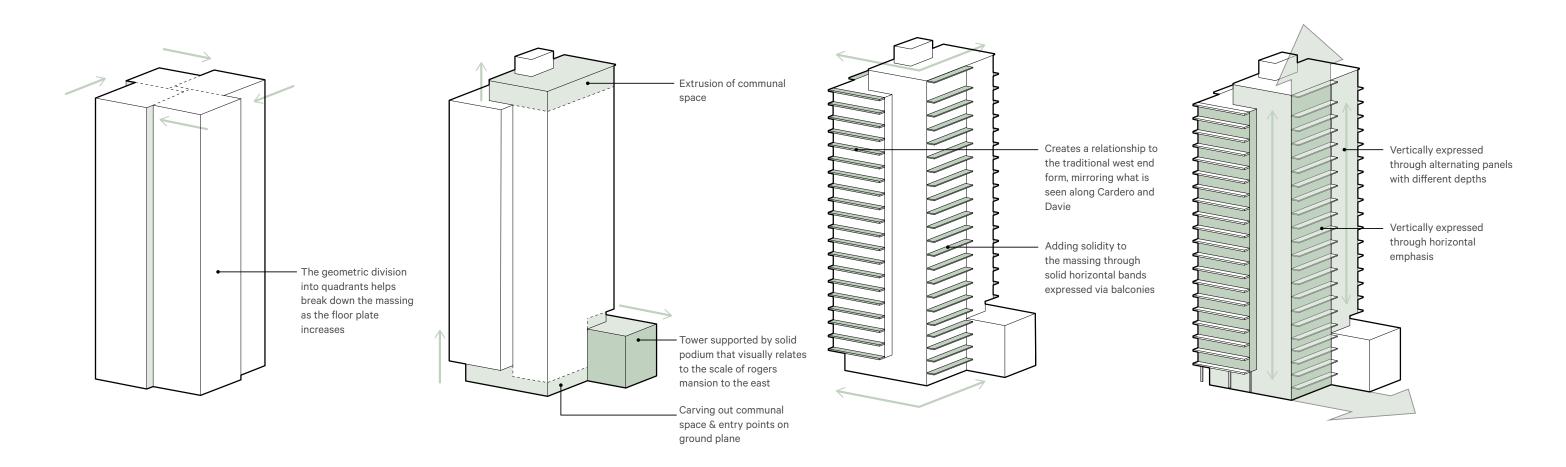
Nature Continuing Up the Spine Expressed through Materials and Design of Facade



Form of Development

The building form has evolved from the simple compact rectangular floor plan suggested by required tower setbacks and form guidelines to a more varied massing. The tower is broken down into 4 quadrants and 2 exterior cladding expressions. Heights of the different quadrants shift vertically to add interest to the roofline, while angular and accentuated horizontal balcony edges reference similar motifs of nearby mid-century buildings.





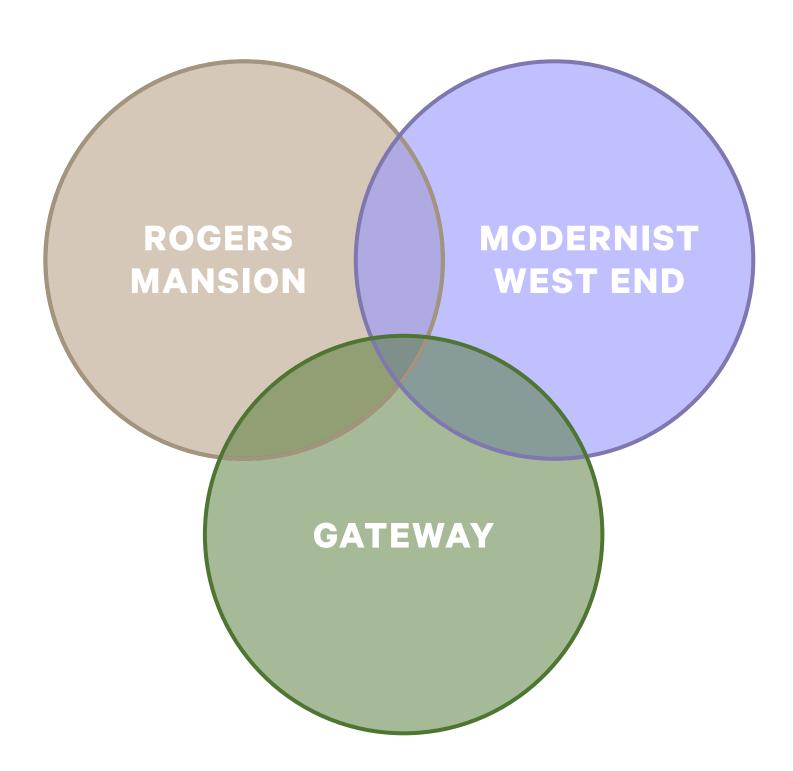
Architectural Concept Overview

Architectural Concept Overview:

The architectural response proposed for 1188 Cardero draws from three primary areas of influence that all come from the relationship to site and setting within the West End: the immediate connection to the historic Rogers Mansion to the east; the gateway position of the site on the downward slope of Davie street leading into English Bay and the Lower Davie village; and the rich context of mid-century modern apartment blocks that characterize the architectural language of the neighbourhood.



View looking down Davie Street toward English Bay









Gateway

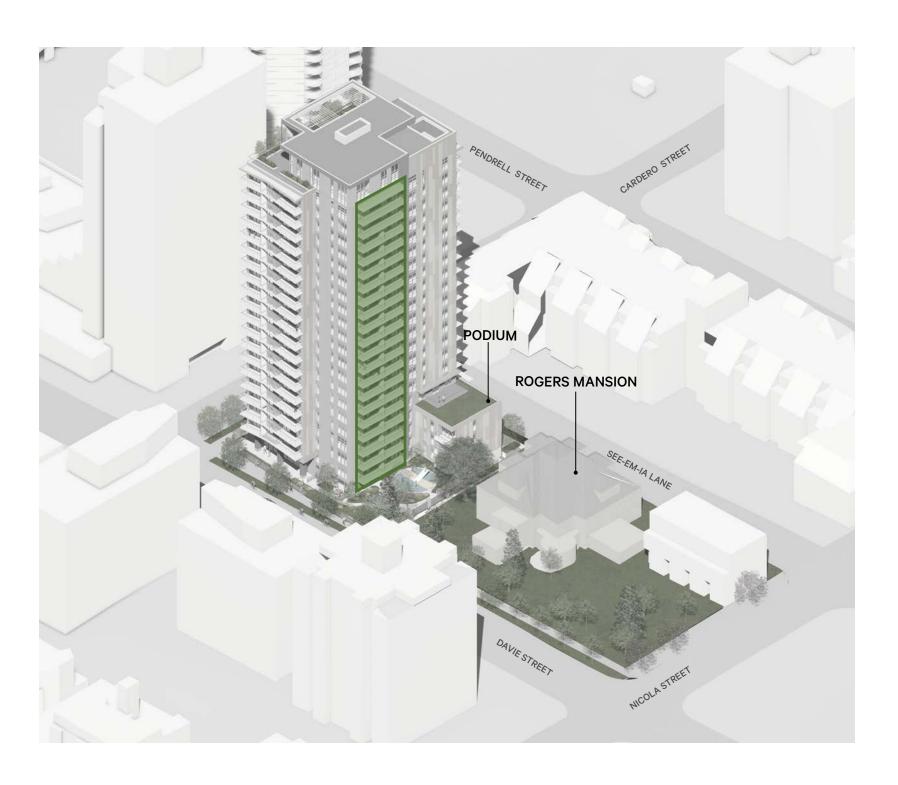
The Rogers Mansion site provides a low-rise foreground to the project site that positions the new tower at 1188 Cardero as a gatepost with a prominent east-facing elevation that announces arrival into the West End's Lower Davie and English Bay area.

As a gateway to the West End, the beach and Stanley Park, the expression of the east façade takes on a particular importance. The design response for this elevation draws inspiration from the heavily treed foreground of the Rogers Mansion grounds and a desire to connect to the natural aspects of the West End and the exciting built context.

On the right side of the East facade, metal panels of varying tone and depth draw colour and texture cues from the mansion's masonry exterior and are reminiscent of the rough textures of tree trunks.

The left side features horizontal banding to match the ribbon windows of 1225 Cardero across the intersection. Together they create twin gateposts that frame the view down the Davie slope to the water.

In the centre of the facade, a strip of pre-cast concrete relief panels features geometric patterning drawn from natural forms and mid-century motifs.

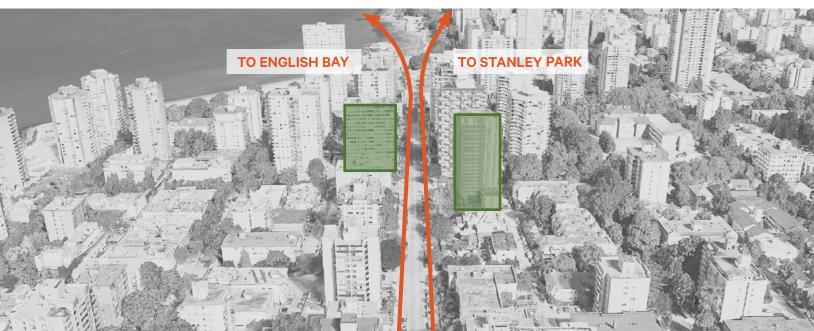












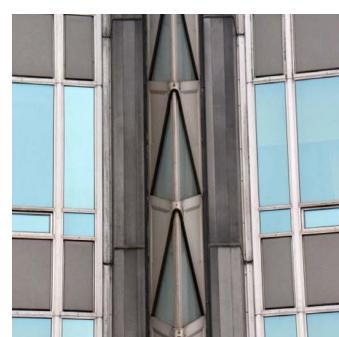
Modernist West End

The proposed exterior features of the project draw from several characteristic elements observed in buildings throughout the neighbourhood from the mid-20th Century. Flared or butterfly-shaped balcony edges alongside strong horizontal ribbon windows define much of the residential architecture of the West end. Often paired with these horizontal bands is a vertical feature -sometimes embellished with mosaic tile or a textural element such as embossed or patterned concrete or a geometric motif. Lobby areas are often accented by a stone or other textural feature.

The proposed design combines angular balconies on the south and north elevations, horizontal banding on the east and west, a unique geometric relief panel used as a vertical band that also extends into the double-height lobby area and feature columns along the Davie sidewalk.







989 Nelson (BC Electric) - Detail



West End Microcosm



Ocean Towers 1957



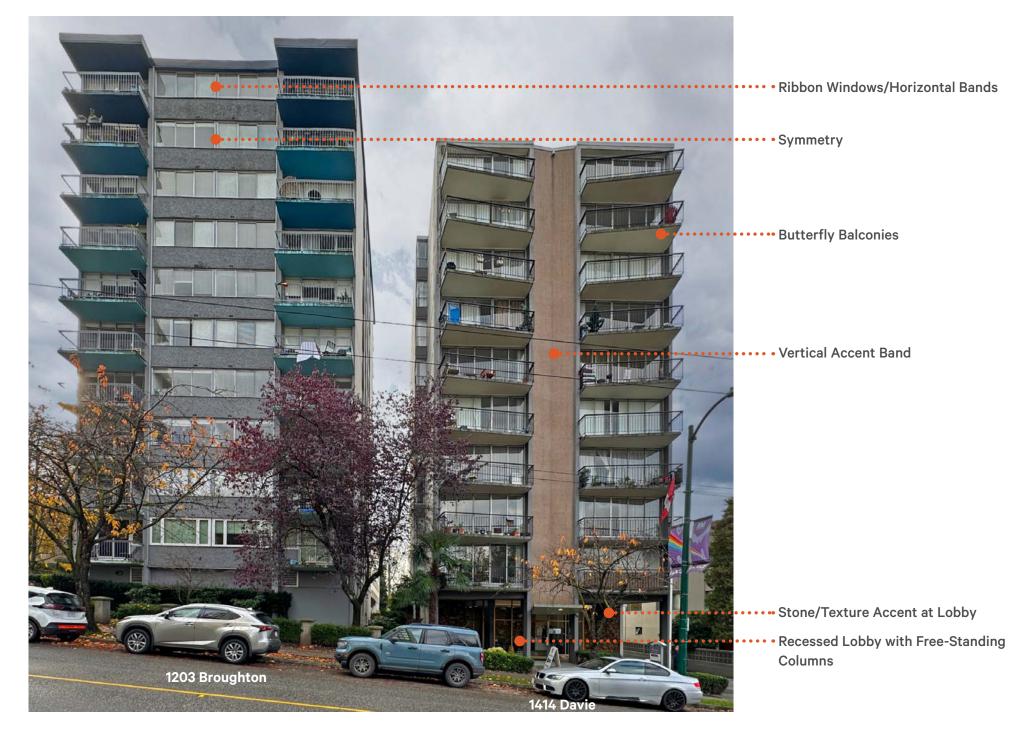
2050 Nelson



BC Electric 1957



1201 W. Pender



Rogers Mansion

The podium of the project responds to the Rogers Mansion in height, massing and material expression. Both the Mansion and podium are 4-storeys in height maintaining a relationship of height and proximity carried forward from the existing building on the site. The proposed massing preserves the existing courtyard space in the south east corner of the site and allows retention of trees and a contiguous extension of the Mansion grounds as a foreground to the new design. The Mansion also provides a strong material reference for the project in its use of highly-textured and articulated Gabriola Brown Sandstone exterior. The proposal's podium and the north and south tower elevations use a panelized cladding system incorporating textural and colour variation that evokes the rough textures of the mansion stonework or the bark of a tree.

Inspired by the materiality and textures of the Gabriola (Rogers) Mansion site and its park-like landscape, combined with a desire to retain existing on-site trees and open space on the project site, the building proposes features like the textured cladding and a tower design that grows out of the greened site with a sculptural spine of insulated precast panels cast in a relief pattern abstracted from the shapes of cedar branches.



View of Rogers Mansion



Facade details of Rogers Mansion









Metal Panel Materials to Color-Match the Sandstone









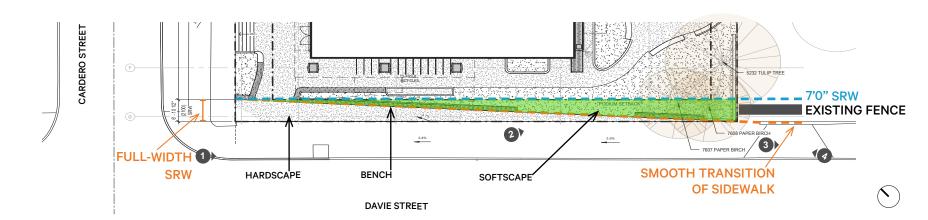
Public Realm

Davie Street:

The statutory right of way to widen the sidewalk along Davie Street is called for in the Neighbourhood plan and presents some unique challenges on this site. The existing slopes along Davie and existing landscape conditions within the site and the neighbouring Rogers Mansion site call for a unique approach beyond a simple widening of the pavement. There is a significant grade drop from the Davie sidewalk down into the site at the southeast corner that is associated with an area of existing trees that is connected to the Rogers site. In order to preserve at least one significant tree, the soil levels should not change. To avoid an abrupt drop from the sidewalk into the tree base area, more space is needed between the tree and the sidewalk to mediate the grade change. Maintaining a wider soil area at the southeast corner also allows retention of 2 more trees (7607+7608 Paper Birch). The proposed solution tapers the new right-of-way from the existing stone fence of the Rogers Mansion property gradually widening to the intersection at Cardero and Davie. This accomplishes a gentle transition from narrower sidewalk to wider commercial sidewalks further west on Davie while allowing on site tree retention and a softer transition from pavement to landscaped courtyard of the project. Street furniture and planted edges offer further amenity to the sidewalk along Davie.



View of the courtyard from Davie Street













Significant grade drop from sidewalk to existing roots of tree to be maintained

Corner of Davie and Cardero:

The widening sidewalk along Davie is defined by benching and a low planter that helps to mediate the grade change between sidewalk and existing site grade. It also contains the outdoor common amenity courtyard and the Class B bike parking area. The bench opens up at the corner to provide an accessible level entry to the main lobby of the building and connects to a slightly elevated walkway along the Cardero frontage. This walkway connects the lobby and the entrance to the leasing office for the building further north along Cardero. The change of elevation to the interior programs and a deep landscaped strip along Cardero allow a sense of privacy for the ground-level programs like the guest suites and fitness centre while allowing some activity and eyes on the street.



View of the lobby entrance from Davie Street

Laneway:

While the laneway is obliged to accommodate many functional requirements of the project, it can also improve the pedestrian and visual experience of the laneway. The amenity fitness centre at grade is highly glazed and wraps the corner of the lane and Cardero. The landscape design adds considerable on site landscaping to the corner and extends into the laneway around the loading areas. A bicycle maintenance lounge amenity and lane-access for the main lobby for move-in is located on the north side. By extending programming, glazing and landscape features along the lane, the pedestrian experience is improved. Parking entrance, fire exit and a gated access to the interior courtyard at the northeast corner help to maintain regular activity and surveillance of the laneway, as do the residential units and balconies overlooking from above.



View of the laneway and amenity space from Cardero Street





5.0 Landscape Design

Landscape Design Rationale

The landscape design creates a welcoming urban edge to Davie Street and urban oasis for residents with amenity spaces and pathways embedded in lush plantings. Contemporary materials, native and adaptive species with multi-season interest, use of wood, and sinuous curves define the character of the landscape which is well to suited to its context in Vancouver's beloved West End Neighbourhood.

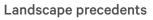
The primary entry is accessed from Cardero Street near the intersection with Davie where highly visible building signage and a generous stair announces the entrance. Barrier free access from Davie Street uses the natural slope of existing sidewalks to create a less than 5% path to the main entrance. Adjacent the main lobby are 10 class B bicycle stalls all of which are covered, highly visible, and easily accessed from Davie.

Along Davie Street, wood-top seat walls are aligned with a widened pedestrian R.O.W. to create a social edge to the project. A change in paving signals a shift from fully public to semi-public spaces along the building's perimeter. Along the south facade the space transitions again at a gate that demarcates the private amenity space at the southeast corner of the site. The ground level amenity space is nestled within planting, retaining the existing slope and a number of mature trees that provide a green backdrop and separation from the street. The ground-level outdoor amenity program includes game and activity tables, social seating, terraced benches, and a children's play area that is supplemented by a playground 130m away at Lord Roberts Elementary. Topography within the landscape is used to create visual interest, animate the children's play area, and provide soil depth for trees. The design intent of the ground level landscape is to create a number of social spaces that are highly complimentary to interior amenity spaces, creating a friendly and welcoming atmosphere.















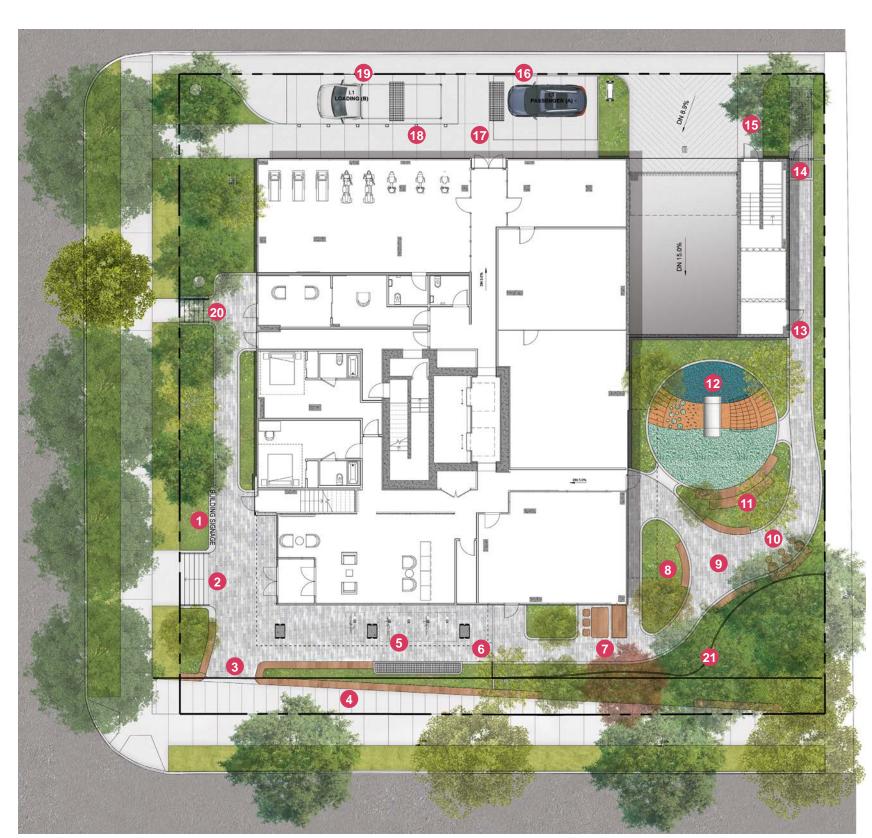
Landscape Plans

Ground Floor Plan:





Landscape precedents



- Building Signage
- 2 Entry Stair
- 3 Barrier-free Access
- Seat Wa
- 5 Class B Bike Parking (10 Stalls)
- 6 Ground-level Amenity Entry
- Activity Table
- Mounded Planting
- Social Seating
- Game Tables
- Terraced Seating
- Children's Play on Slope
- Outdoor Storage Access
- 14 Laneway Access Gate
- Egress Pathway
- 16 Class A Passenger Stall
- 17 Bike Room and Move-in Access
- Bollard Separation
- Class 'B' Loading
- Leasing Office Access
- Metal Fence



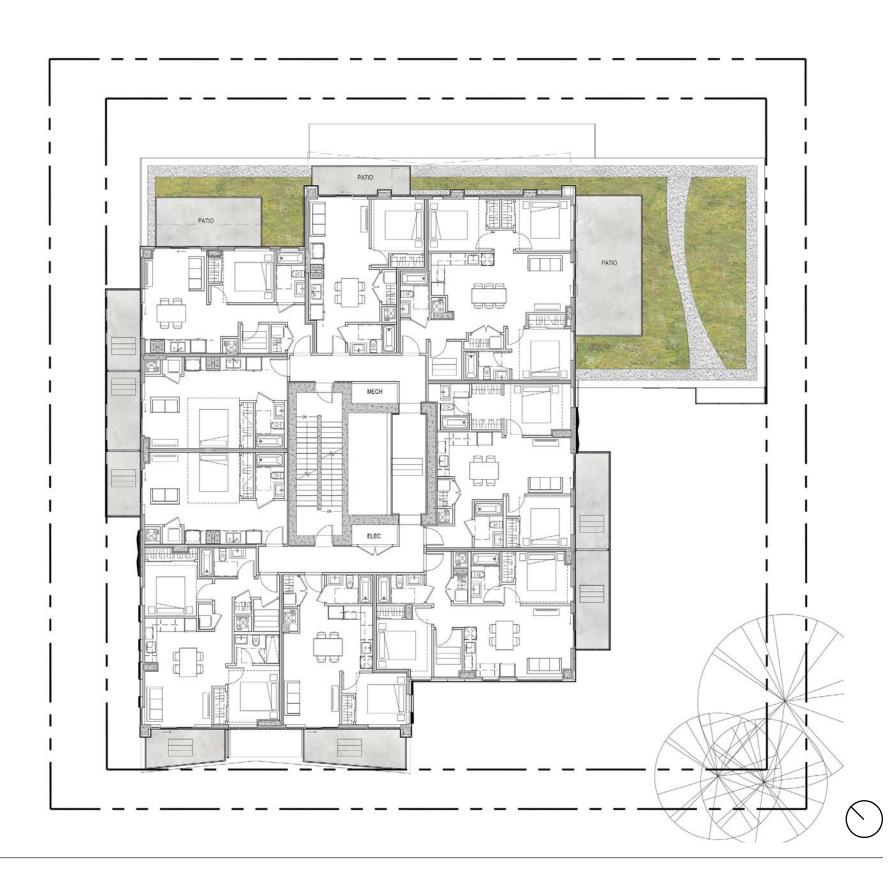
Landscape Plans

Roof Plan - L5:

The podium roof on level 5 is planted with sedum trays to create a more attractive view for residents on higher floors and surrounding buildings, while simultaneously addressing part of the sites storm water needs. The sinuous curves of gravel access paths mirror those found throughout the project and create a more striking visual from surrounding upper floors while providing maintenance access. This low maintenance and resilient treatment will ensure there is visible green year round.



Sedum roof precedent







Roof Plan - L22:

The 22nd floor rooftop amenity space offers spectacular views and provides a contemporary, comfortable, and well programmed space for residents to socialize, play, cook, garden, and relax. Interior and exterior programmed spaces are complimentary with the games room extending onto the roof deck with exterior games table and adjoining lounge. An outdoor kitchen and dining space is nestled between elevated urban agriculture plots that delineate programmed spaces and are integrated with raised planters that run the length of the building. A mix of decking in lounge and dining spaces and slab pavers in high traffic areas are used to support their intended use and carry through curvilinear design language making the space feel unified.











3 Urban Agriculture Bed

4 Urban Agriculture Table/Storage

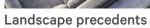
5 Outdoor Dining

6 Outdoor Kitchen

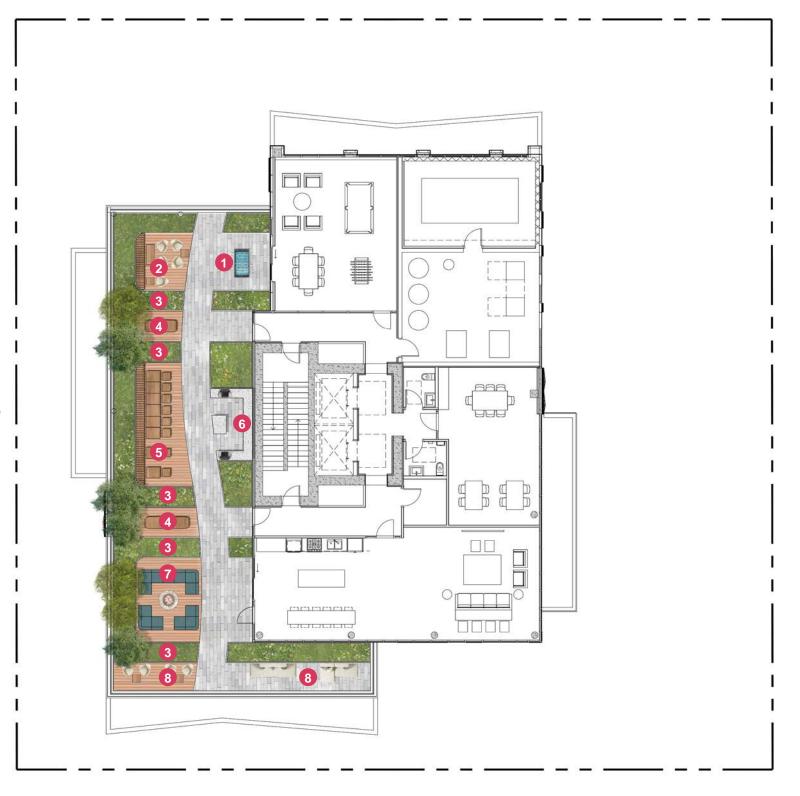
7 Outdoor Gathering Space

8 Ocean View Lounge







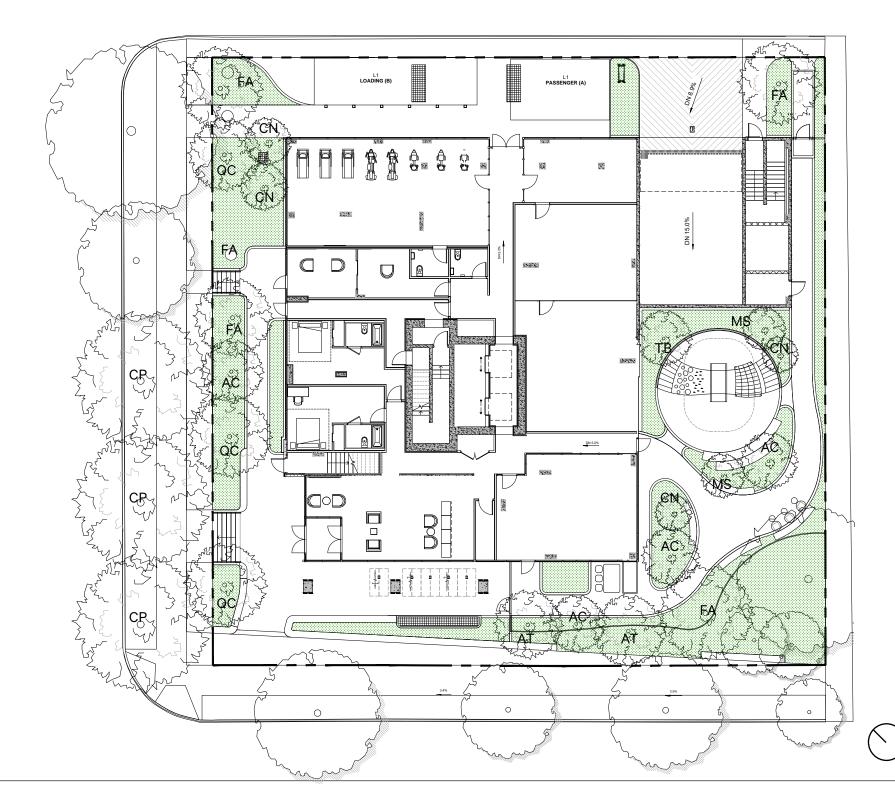




Planting Scheme

Ground Floor Planting:

Gı	rou	nd Floor Planting:			
KEY	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	SPACING
TRE	<u>ES</u>				
AC AT CN CP FA MS QC TB	02 04 03 03 02 03	ACER CIRCINATUM ACER TRUNCATUM x PLATANOIDES 'WARRENR CORNUS NUTTALLII CERCIDIPHYLLUM JAPONICUM FRAXINUS ANGUSTIFOLIA 'RAYWOOD' MACNOLIA STELLATA QUERCUS COCCINEA TAXUS BREVIFOLIA	VINE MAPLE PACIFIC SUNSET MAPLE PACIFIC DOGWOOD KATSURA TREE RAYWOOD ASH STAR MAGNOLIA SCARLET OAK PACIFIC YEW	8cm CAL. 8cm CAL. 7cm CAL. 8cm CAL. 7cm CAL. 8cm CAL. 8cm CAL.	
SHR	RUBS				
ad aj ap bs cm cs gs In mn rs sb sc sj vo	XX	ARUNCUS DIOICUS AZALIA JAPONICA 'GUMPO WHITE' ADIANTUM PEDATUM BLECHNUM SPICANT CAMELIA SASANQUA 'MINE-NO-YUKI' CORNUS SERICEA GAULTHIA SHALLON LONICERA NITIDA MAHONIA NERVOSA RUBUS SPECTABILIS SPIRAEA BETULIFOLIA SUBSP. LUCIDA SANTONLINA CHAMAECYPARISSUS SKIMMIA JAPONICA VACCINIUM OVATUM	GOATSBEARD DWARF AZALEA MAIDENHAIR FERN DEER FERN CAMELIA WHITE DOVES RED OSIER DOGWOOD SALAAL BOXLEAF HONEYSUCKLE DWARF OREGON GRAPE SALMONBERRY BIRCHLEAF SPIRAEA LAVENDER COTTON JAPANESE SKIMMIA EVERGREEN HUCKLEBERRY	#3 POT #3 POT #1 POT #3 POT #3 POT #2 POT #3 POT #3 POT #3 POT #4 POT #3 POT #4 POT #4 POT #4 POT #4 POT	90cm 90cm 60cm 90cm 90cm 60cm 60cm 90cm 90cm 90cm 90cm
am	XX	ACHILLEA MILLEFOLIUM	YARROW	#2	45cm
cm mf	XX XX	CAREX MUSKINGUMENSIS MONARDA FISTULOSA	PALM SEDGE WILD BERGAMOT	#2 POT #1 POT	45cm 45cm
	No. of the last				



Planting precedents





Roof Planting - L22:

KEY	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	SPACING					
TREES										
AC AJ CN MS	02 02 01 02	ACER CIRCINATUM ACER JAPONICUM CORNUS NUTTALLII MAGNOLIA STELLATA	VINE MAPLE FULL MOON MAPLE PACIFIC DOGWOOD STAR MAGNOLIA	8" CAL. 7" CAL. 7" CAL. 7" CAL.						
SHRUBS										
aj ap bs cm cs In pl sc	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX	AZALIA JAPONICA 'GUMPO WHITE' ADIANTUM PEDATUM BLECHNUM SPICANT CAMELIA SASANQUA 'MINE-NO-YUKI' CORNUS SERICEA LONICERA NITIDA PHILADELPHUS LEWISII SANTONLINA CHAMAECYPARISSUS SKIMMIA JAPONICA	DWARF AZALEA MAIDENHAIR FERN DEER FERN CAMELIA WHITE DOVES RED OSIER DOGWOOD BOXLEAF HONEYSUCKLE LEWIS'S MOCK ORANGE LAVENDER COTTON JAPANESE SKIMMIA	#3 POT #1 POT #1 POT #3 POT #3 POT #2 POT #1 POT #2 POT	90cm 60cm 60cm 90cm 90cm 60cm 45cm 60cm					
PERENNIALS / GRASSES										
ap cm ep la pa tp gc pv	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX	ASCLEPAIS TUBEROSA CAREX MUSKINGUMENSIS ECHINACEA PURPUREA LAVANDULA ANQUSTIFOLIA ' MUNSTEAD' PEROVSKIA ATRIPLICIFOLIA THYMUS PRAECOX 'PURPLE CARPET' GILIA CAPITATA PANICUM VIRGATUM 'HEAVY METAL'	BUTTERFLY MILKWEED PALM SEDGE PURPLE CONEFLOWER MUNSTEAD LAVENDER RUSSIAN SAGE PURPLE CARPET THYME BLUEHEAD GILIA HEAVY METAL SWITCH GRASS	#2 POT #2 POT #1 POT #2 POT #3 POT #2 POT #2 POT #2 POT	60cm 45cm 30cm 45cm 90cm 45cm 60cm					
	W. W.		enter Marie 19							





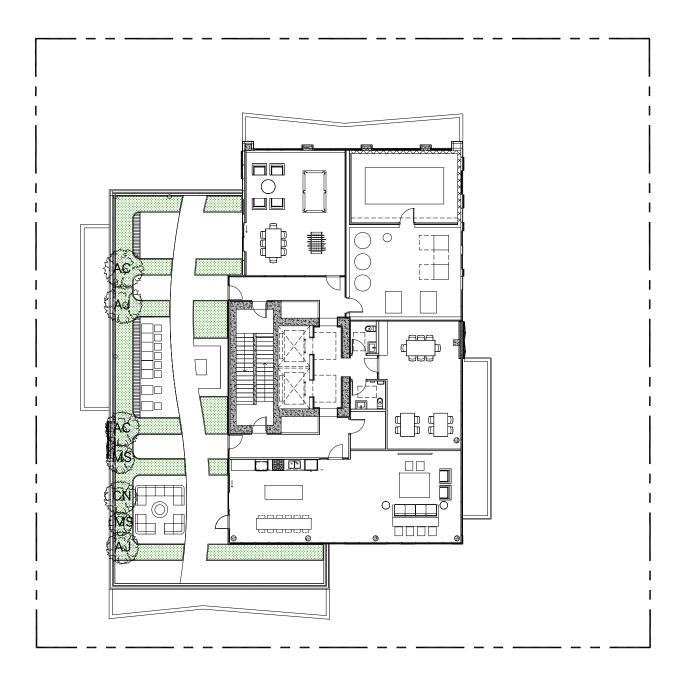






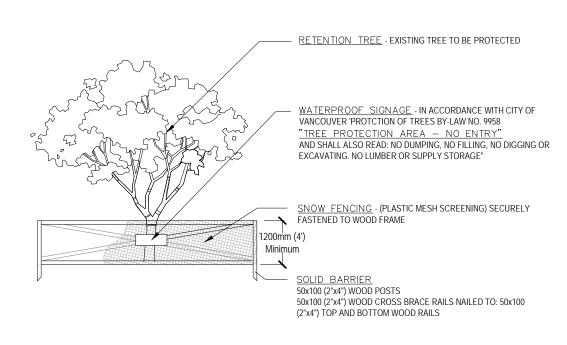


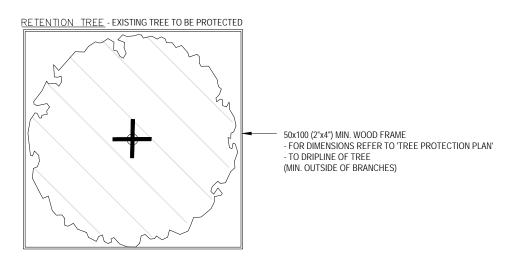
*All shrub, perennials, and grasses to be irrigated.



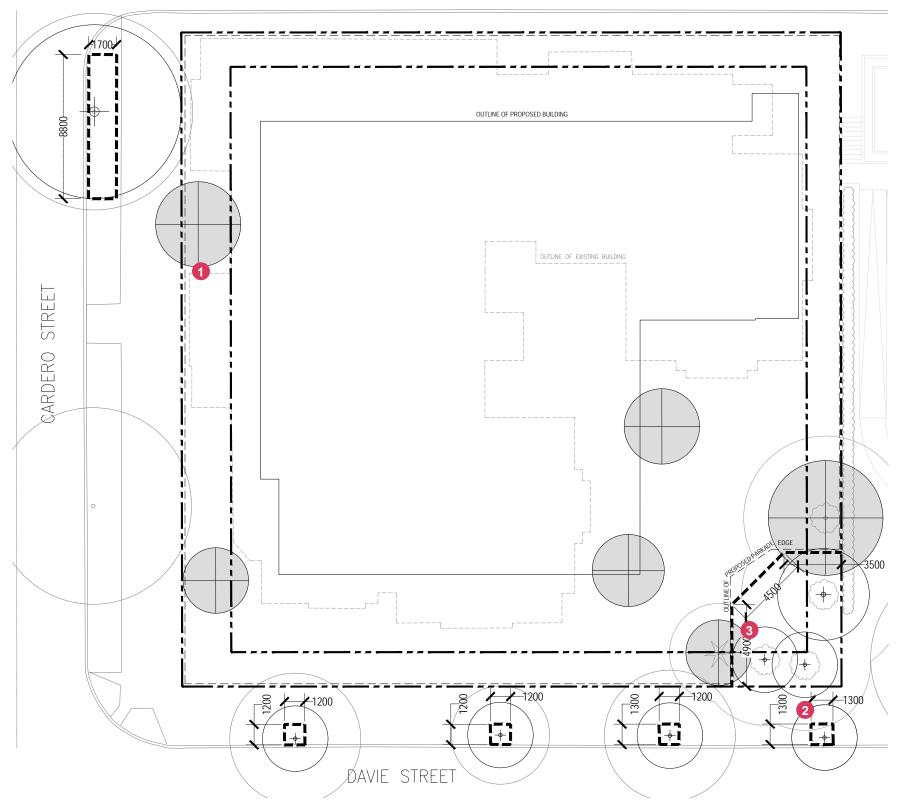


Tree Management Plan





- 1 Tree to be Removed
- Tree to be Retained
- 3 Protection Fence









The rooftop is designed as a place for conversation and socialization amongst residents with an excellent view of the mountains and surrounding cityscape.





6.0 Project Drawings











